Daily British Colonist.

TWENTY-FOURTH YEAR. | VICTORIA, BRITISH COLUMBIA, WEDNESDAY, JULY 12, 1882. | VOLUME XLVII NO. 26

Daily Colonist.

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY, EXCEPT MONDAY

BY D. W. HIGGINS.

COLONIST BUILDING—GOVERNMENT STREET, FIRST DOOR NORTH OF THE POST OFFICE.

TERMS---INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE.

THE DAILY COLONIST—Per Year, (Postage Free to any part of Canada.....$10.
Parts of a year at the same rate.
Per Week (if delivered).....25 Cents.

THE WEEKLY COLONIST—Postage free to any part of the Dominion.....$3
Six Months.....$2
Three Months.....$1

ISSUED EVERY TUESDAY MORNING IN TIME FOR THE MAILS

EUROPE.

LONDON, July 7.—In the commons this afternoon an amendment offered by Trevelyan, chief secretary for Ireland, to limit the right of search to daytime, except in the case of secret societies, was strongly opposed by conservatives and others.

Gladstone declared that if the amendment was rejected he would have to consider his personal position. Amendment was rejected by a vote of 27 to 194.

Previous to a vote, John Bright said if the amendment was rejected the people throughout Ireland would feel that at any moment their houses could be invaded.

Sir Michael Hicks Beach accused government of having two parties in the cabinet, which accusation Bright denied.

W. Foster said he should support government.

Gladstone said that under ordinary circumstances he would have asked the house to postpone further proceedings, but in the remarkable state of Ireland he did not feel it right to take that course.

House teported the repression bill finished at 11 P. M.

Travelyan moved third reading. Carried.—Collins, Cowan, Labouchere and Story were the only dissentients.

Harcourt, home secretary, denied bloodhounds would be used in Ireland for tracking murderers.

In the house of lords to night the repression bill passed first reading.

LONDON, July 7.—The defeat of the government was due to defections and absence of liberals, many of whom, not expecting a serious controversy upon the report of the repression bill, especially as Parnellites had withdrawn, left the house early in the afternoon. Several liberals voted against Gladstone. Goschen abstained from voting.

Eight Irish members viewed the division from the galleries, and notwithstanding entreaty to vote with the government, refused to come down.

The *Standard* says: Division has not overthrown, nor ought to overthrow, the ministry, but it is another nail in their coffin. It should convince Gladstone that he is not absolute master of the situation.

DUBLIN, July 7.—Five hundred fresh placards offering twenty thousand pounds reward for discovery of the murderers of Cavendish and Burke are posted.

Rear Admiral Anthony Hiskins, one of the junior lords of admiralty has been nominated second officer in command of naval operations. He will probably proceed to Egypt.

ALEXANDRIA, July 7.—It is said that the French admiral has received orders to conform with the English in case the latter open fire.

A Montenegrin aimed a pistol at the khedive, Thursday, but was seized before he could fire. He declared he took him for Arabi Pasha. The man has been imprisoned.

The Arabic laborers will refuse to coal steamers.

ALEXANDRIA, July 7.—Three thousand Egyptians under General Yussif have attacked the false prophet. The Egyptians lost 2000 men, 4 guns and 3000 rifles The false prophet, with 7000 men is marching on Seunaar.

NEW YORK, July 8.—A *Herald* cable from Alexandria says all the Americans except General Stone and his family are now in safety. Harvey Foreman and Consul Long, however, are still ashore. The khedive yesterday refused to receive any one. I think it likely that he has gone out with his secretary, as he advised Long to go. The meeting of consuls in the afternoon was held to consider the best way to avoid the threatened bombardment. The consuls agreed to wait upon Arabi and try to persuade him to satisfy the English admiral. There is a great panic here among the Europeans. It is even likely that the hotels will be shut to-morrow. Admiral Seymour brought in the whole British fleet yesterday and anchored close to the port. France is playing England tricks here and will not participate in the bombardment. It is feared that the telegraph office will be seized for arms; if so bombardment is certain. Admiral Seymour is ready to open fire within four hours. The foreign ships are now leaving the harbor. The Greek war ships went early in the day.

ALEXANDRIA, July 8.—The diplomatic agent of France telegraphed yesterday to the French consul at Cairo that an attack by the fleet is momentarily expected, and instructing him to send all French subjects away and to place himself and the archives of his office in security. The consul placarded the telegram in Cairo, and thereby causing a panic, and came himself to Alexandria. The Austrian consulate in Cairo has also been closed. The panic in Alexandria is unabated; despite the complete stoppage of work on the fortifications, which had occasioned Admiral Seymour's protest, the exodus of Europeans continues. Numbers of fugitives have been forced to return into town, finding no room on board the two Rubattino steamers leaving to-day, which were so overcrowded that the captains refused to start until 300 passengers had been taken off each. The cash office of the public department has been transferred from Cairo to Alexandria and the staff of that office have gone on board English and French ships.

CONSTANTINOPLE, July 8. The sultan has rejected the proposal of the council of ministers to appoint a delegate to the conference. The sultan, in conversation, complained of the want of friendship shown him by England, in the unjust suspicions and erroneous interpretations placed on all his actions. He also complained of the injustice of foreign representatives at Alexandria, who, to justify their causing the departure of their countrymen, made unfounded statements respecting security in Egypt. The sultan again invited Gen. Wallace, U. S. minister, to the palace, and conferred with him a long time. The sultan has approved the contract for 200 Berdan torpedoes.

MALTA, July 8—The British ironclad Archilles and torpedo boat ship Heela today sailed for Alexandria.

LONDON, July 8 — Major-General Sir Archibald Alison, chief of intelligence department of the war office, will proceed to Malta immediately.

Two regiments of foot have left Aldershot for Gibralter.

A dispatch from Paris states the government will ask deputies for credit of 312,000 pounds for precautionary preparations made by the minister of marine.

The expedition to Egypt will comprise 20 vessels with 147 guns.

GIBRALTER, July 8 — The troop ship Orontes has sailed for Egypt with the first battalion of the Berkshire regiment.

ALEXANDRIA, July 9 — Naval officers have made a reconnoisance and reported that they saw Egyptians moving heavy guns on Marabout island, on the western side of the entrance to the harbor. Admiral Seymour is consequently preparing a proclamation to be placarded all over the city charging authorities with breach of faith, demanding surrender of the fortification within twelve hours, and warning authorities that if they fail to comply with this demand fire will be opened on the forts after expiration of a further 24 hours. The British gunboat Condor has been stationed outside the harbor to guard the entrance. Admiral Seymour goes on board the Invincible, which will move into the outer, alongside the Monarch. The Bitten now lies opposite the Roseltine palace.

The ministry have continued in their resolve to resist. They have taken precautions to insure safety of the khedive in the event of troops being landed.

Arabi Pasha, being formally summoned to Constantinople by the sultan, has refused to obey.

Two aides-de-camp of the sultan have left for Constantinople, accompanied by Ahmed Essel and Lebib Pasha, the two members of the mission to Dervish Pasha. The secret regulations are regarded as broken off.

The British man-of war Dragoon has arrived.

After the remaining Englishmen were warned from Cairo, the German consul issued a similar warning to 160 Germans still there.

PARIS, July 9—The formal invitation of the powers to the Porte asking it to intervene in Egypt will be delivered today. A reply is asked for by Wednesday. If the Porte refuses or seems afraid to act, 25,000 men with 15,000 in reserve will be concentrated by the intervening powers. The army will land at Aboukir and be divided into two parts; one will march on Alexandria and be supported by the fleet, which will open fire as soon as the army is landed, while the other will cross the Dry Lake of Aboukir to Kafr Devar and seize the railway at Dumshora, Arabi Pasha's only means of retreat, and will there force him to either fight or yield.

ALEXANDRIA, July 9.—This evening, from a steamer in the inner harbor, soldiers were distinctly seen digging trenches and carrying shot from one part to another. The English consul general and staff of English consulate have gone aboard ships to-night.

LATER.—All members of consulates are now on board vessels in the harbor. English consuls have sent notice to other consuls advising them to notify their countrymen to quit Alexandria within 24 hours.

VIENNA, July 9.—A dispatch from Alexandria says at the conference of the Egyptian officers yesterday an aged colonel declared, "If Turks land we will treat them as brothers, and we won't resist Austrians or Italians, but soldiers of other nations, especially England, we will oppose to the last."

CONSTANTINOPLE, July 9. Considerable surprise is expressed that General Wallace, America's minister, has again been summoned to the palace. Either General Wallace or his dragoman attends the palace almost daily. General Wallace has also frequent interviews with Lord Dufferin.

LONDON, July 9.—After consultation with his colleagues Gladstone has decided to accept the report of the house committee on the Trevelyan amendment to the repression bill period.

SIMLA, July 9.—Authentic information is received that negotiations will be reopened between Great Britain and Russia in December relative to demarcation of the northern frontier of Afghanistan.

NEITHER the Syndicate, the Scott Act, nor the Irish question causes half the sensational comment that is caused by the popularity of Burdock Blood Bitters. This great remedy is marvellous in its success in curing Chronic disease when other medicines have failed. It is the best Blood Purifying Tonic and Liver Invigorator known. A specific for all diseases of Blood, Liver and Kidneys. Sample Bottles 10 Cents.

A sure cure for dyspepsia. The Oregon Blood Purifier. Use before meals as directed.

For all purposes of a family medicine HAGYARD'S YELLOW OIL will be found invaluable. Immediate relief will follow its use. It relieves pain, cures chilblains, frostbites, scalds, burns, corns, rheumatism, neuralgia, &c. For internal use it is none the less wonderful. One or two doses frequently cure sore throat. It will cure croup in a few minutes. A few bottles has often cured asthma. Colic has been cured in fifteen minutes by a teaspoonful dose. It cures with the utmost rapidity. It is really a wonderful medicine. 28.

Blank Book Manufactory and Book Bindery.

Paper ruled to any pattern. Tickets, Receipts, etc., numbered and perforated. Charts and maps mounted. The best classes of modern machinery employed. R. T. WILLIAMS, Government street, entrance through Messrs. Hibben & Co's store.

A. B. DES ROCHERS, Arthabaskaville, P. Q., writes:—"Thirteen years ago I was seized with a severe attack of Rheumatism in the head, from which I nearly constantly suffered, until after having used Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil for nine days, bathing the head, etc., when I was completely cured, and have only used half a bottle. 50

FOR SALE--TO LET.

E. M. JOHNSON,

NOTARY PUBLIC

CONVEYANCER,

LOAN AND REAL ESTATE AGENT,

IS INSTRUCTED TO

OFFER FOR SALE

By the Principal Land Owners at and near the

CANADA PACIFIC

RAILWAY TERMINUS

AND ELSEWHERE.

Murray & Clarke's Township.
Original Port Moodys in Lots.

Edmond's		do		Lots.	
Whole of lot	161— 72 acres.	do		Whole of 281	160 acres
do	248 160	do		do	378 160
do	142 160	do		do	212 77
do	141 160	do		do	213 180
do	230—176	do		do	130—160
do	302—174	do		do	75—152
do	116 160	do	Undivd	1	210—184
Portions of	370		Portions of	367	
do	377		do	268	
do	234		Sec. E of	234	

The whole of 302—174 acres, English Bay.
The whole of 116 160 acres, Hastings.

FARM LAND—Lulu Island—900, 500, 1250 acres.
do Near Ladner's and on the Fraser
do Near Langford Lake, 100 acres

100 LOTS (more or less) Victoria West

LOTS in VICTORIA CITY and Suburbs.

WHARF FRONTAGE at Esquimalt—Victoria-Nanaimo Railway Terminus.

Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc.

MONEY ADVANCED on Real Estate and other available Security.

TITLES INVESTIGATED and all transactions in land cheaply and quickly carried out.

RENTS INTEREST and COLLECTIONS generally made throughout the Province.

MAPS SUBDIVISIONS, Plans, etc., can be seen and all information as to property, etc., obtained at the office on

Bastion St., next Bank B. C.

FIRST-CLASS FARM, QUAMICHAN DIST

65 Acres Fenced | 1½ story Frame Dwelling
22 " Cultivated | 18x24
8 " Timothy | 1 Frame 16x20
14 " Garden & Roots | 1 Barn 30x60

Cattle Sheds—Splendid Watermill Power—Good Stand for a Store.

Apply to E. M. JOHNSON.

P. O. Box 188 Telephone No. 74.

☞ Customers waited on by appointment if desired. je14

EMIGRANTS--FARMERS--ATTENTION!

FOR SALE

A FARM OF 160 ACRES WELL SITUATED FOR Cariboo Market, with

STOCK, HORSES, PIGS, POULTRY, ALL FARMING IMPLEMENTS NECESSARY, GOOD DWELLING HOUSE, STABLING, ETC., ETC.

CHEAPEST BARGAIN EVER OFFERED.

For reason of selling and full information apply to MR. GEORGE MORISON, Chemist, Victoria.

Or to the undersigned, HENRY YEATES, Soda Creek, B.C.

je28

FIRST CLASS FARM FOR SALE.

THE OAK PARK PROPERTY,

CONTAINING 293½ ACRES, A PORTION IN A high state of cultivation,

COMMODIOUS DWELLING HOUSE & OUTBUILDINGS

An Orchard stocked with choice Fruit Trees in full bearing order, with all the Live and Dead Farming Stock thereon.

The Dead Stock comprises all the modern implements and machinery.

The Oak Park Property is beautifully situated on a fresh water lake, within one mile of Maple Bay Steamboat Landing, and has regular communication with Victoria and Nanaimo.

For particulars apply personally or by letter addressed to

S. BEDNALL, Oak Park, Maple Bay P. O.

my18dw3m

FOR SALE.

A FEW THOROUGHBRED BROWN LEGHORN Cockerels, from imported eggs, Johnston, N. Y., strain. For particulars send stamp to

R. C. G. NORTHCOTE, Budleigh Grange, Cowichan, B.C.

je11dw

MISCELLANEOUS.

TO THE ELECTORS OF VICTORIA DISTRICT.

GENTLEMEN:—AS I AM A CANDIDATE FOR your votes and interest at the forthcoming election of members to serve in the Legislative Assembly, it becomes my duty briefly to state the principles I hold.

In the first place, I am opposed to the present government; but as it is a mere makeshift, a new administration will have to be formed holding opinions consonant with those of the majority of the representatives of the electors.

I am of opinion that the permanent and progressive prosperity of the Province depends chiefly upon the increase of a settled white population and increased agricultural and other industrial productions, and in utilizing the mineral and other resources. It would be advantageous also to cultivate our bays, seas and inlets by the introduction of new varieties of fish, both crustacean and other, and benefit would also be derived were new kinds of timber trees introduced.

Whilst advocating measures to promote increased production I should also protest against the wanton destruction of our forests. Trees which have taken centuries to grow are burned and destroyed as though they were valueless. Means ought to be taken to prevent this loss except where necessary in clearing lands and utilizing the lumber.

Being a resident of the district I should of course do my best to urge the keeping of the roads and bridges in good repair and the construction of new ones where necessary.

The way to mitigate our condition is to encourage productive home industries. Now is the time actively to promote and foster these.

It will be advantageous to urge upon those who have lands locked up the necessity of settling them or throwing them open to settlement.

The Chinese evil is one that must be grappled with by the federal government at the instance of your federal and local representatives. I should like to see the Chinese supplanted by men of our own race, kindred and language as soon as possible. Any further importation of Chinamen is neither desired nor desirable. It is to be hoped that our members at Ottawa and our local government will succeed in making the federal government see and understand the magnitude of the evil and induce them to pass remedial measures, and at the same time find means of sending immigrants to displace those now here.

As a matter of course I am in favor of the construction of the Vancouver Island railway; but the insane action of the local government in breaking the contract relating thereto without consulting the Canadian and British governments, also parties to the contract, has at least jeopardized its construction." Previous to this mad action the Province could *demand* as a *right* what it will now have to *solicit* as a *favor*. The local government should not have undertaken a work promised and intended to be performed by the federal government. How far the question of compensation may have been endangered remains yet to be learned.

The dry dock being not a local but a national work should not have been undertaken by the local government, and had they had a correct judgment of their own capacity they would never have meddled with it. As it is they have shown to the Province and to the world at large their gross incapacity and criminal negligence. The dock must be built, but its affairs are so muddled that it is impossible at present to see clearly its condition and prospects. If it be possible to turn the dock over to the Canadian government, and if they will at the same time agree to finish it without saddling the Province with additional debt, then let them by all means have it.

With these and other enormous difficulties glaring at us it is essentially expedient and advisable that the local government should be in harmony with the federal government, amicability being the best and probably an allowable way of producing some order out of the chaos so wilfully caused by the late Walkem government. There must be no more sham questions to manufacture to direct people's attention abroad in order to blind them to and distract them from most important local matters with which they are most concerned and which have been so directly mismanaged.

If you honor me by making me one of your representatives I will do my best to serve your interests and those of the Province at large, and will support any new ministry whose policy shall be the amicable settlement of existing difficulties, the promotion of provincial industries and measures calculated to remove or remedy the great existing evils and give our district at least her due. Measures, not men. At the same time considerable latitude and forbearance will have to be given to and exercised by such an administration, for they have a most difficult and ungrateful work before them.

G. A. McTAVISH.

North Saanich, July 5, 1882. jy6 dw

To the Electors of the City of Victoria.

GENTLEMEN: THE GENEROUS SUPPORT you have always accorded me induced me to accept the leadership of the Government, rendered vacant by the resignation of Mr. Walkem, and in soliciting your suffrages, at the approaching election I feel confident that I shall receive every assistance in the discharge of the new duties devolving upon me from all well-wishers of the Province.

I am gratified to be able to state that the financial position of the Province has never been more satisfactory. Instead of a large deficit, debentures matured and unpaid, heavy land, overdraft, salaried officers, merchants and mechanics unpaid all over the Province, as was the case four years ago, with the certain prospect of increased taxation, had the party in power under the Elliott Administration retained office, the Walkem Government can show for their term just expired reduction in taxation, reduction in the public debt, a surplus revenue, and large sums expended out of revenue for Education, Public Works and other services of practical utility, the credit of the Province has never stood higher; and instead of three-quarters of a million dollars of provincial bonds being disposed of at a considerable discount, as in 1877, not one bond has been issued below par.

The immense influx of Chinese into the Province calls for united action on our part. Constant and repeated efforts have been made by the Provincial Government and Legislature to prevail upon the Dominion to take such action as will remedy this great evil, and it is gratifying to observe that the Government at Ottawa now realize the importance of moving in this matter.

It is important that every effort should be put forth to induce members of our own and kindred races to make their homes in this Province.

The Legislative Assembly, at its last session, passed a bill to enable the Vancouver Land and Railway Co. to construct a railway from Esquimalt to Seymour Narrows. The projectors deposited $10,000 as a guarantee that bonds amounting to $250,000 would be placed in the hands of the Government as security for the construction of the railway. The company not having complied with the provisions of the bill the Island Railway question is again brought into its former position. The land reserve remains as intact as when made in 1873, and it devolves upon the Government once more to take action on this important subject.

In consequence of the contractors not making satisfactory progress with the construction of the Graving Dock, it became necessary to take the preliminary steps to enable the Government to proceed with the work. Every effort will be made to finish the Dock as early as possible.

As I hold that under the ballot system it is the duty of a candidate to meet the electors upon a public platform in order to explain his views, I shall take an early opportunity to do so, in the meantime assuring you that, if elected, I shall always advocate the rights of the Province generally, and that the interests of this city will be my first care.

I have the honor to remain, Gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,
ROBERT BEAVEN.

Victoria, 5th July, 1882. jy6

—ASK FOR—

Union India Rubber Co.'s

Pura Para Gum

CRACKPROOF

RUBBER BOOTS & COATS.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS!

Be sure the Boots are stamped *CRACK PROOF* on the heels, and have the *PURE GUM SPRINGS* on the foot and instep, which prevent their cracking or breaking. They will last twice as long as any others manufactured.

FOR SALE BY ALL DEALERS.

ALL KINDS RUBBER BELTING, PACKING HOSE, SPRINGS, CLOTHING, BOOTS AND SHOES, Etc

GOODYEAR RUBBER COMP'Y

R. H. PEASE, Jr. } Agents.
S. M. RUNYON, }
San Francisco.

jy7dw3m

TAHITI

ORANGES & COCOANUTS

NOW LANDING FROM BARQUE MARY MILDRED

For sale in lots to suit by

HY. SAUNDERS,

je20 JOHNSON STREET.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

B. C.



BOOT AND SHOE STORE.

I HAVE ENGAGED THE SERVICES OF

MR. C. NANGLE,

Of Large Experience in the Boot and Shoe Business in

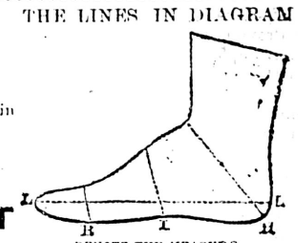
PHILADELPHIA, NEW YORK AND SAN FRANCISCO,

TO SUPERINTEND THE

CUSTOM DEPARTMENT

—OF THE—

THE LINES IN DIAGRAM



DENOTE THE MEASURE.

B. C. BOOT AND SHOE STORE.

His superior style of FITTING THE FOOT insures perfect satisfaction. Try one pair and be convinced that he is a MASTER FITTER All work done on the premises by WHITE LABOR ONLY.

BEST OF STOCK AND WORKMANSHIP. REPAIRING ATTENDED TO PROMPTLY.

N. B.—Note the Diagram so that Country Customers can take their own measure accurately. All Orders by Mail or Express will be filled with the utmost promptitude. All express charges must be paid by parties ordering goods.

H. MANSELL, - - - - - PROPRIETOR.

je23 GOVERNMENT STREET, VICTORIA, B. C.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

NANAIMO POST OFFICE BUILDING.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE TIME for the receipt of Tenders for this work is extended to 22nd JULY, 1882, and the attention of intending tenderers is particularly called to an additional clause attached to the specification since it was placed on view, prescribing certain alterations of the ground plan of the building and of the elevation of the level of the ground floor.

jy11 H. S. ROEBUCK, Secty.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED TENDERS, ADDRESSED TO HON. J. W. Trutch, C.M.G., Victoria, B.C., signed and endorsed "Tender for Post Office, &c., Nanaimo, B. C.," will be received at his office until WEDNESDAY, the 19th day of JULY, inclusive, for the erection of

POST OFFICE, &c.,

NANAIMO, BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Plans and Specifications can be seen at the Department of Public Works, Ottawa, at the office of T. E. Peck, Esq., Collector of Customs, Nanaimo, and at office of Hon. J. W. Trutch, C. M. G., on and after TUESDAY, 4th July.

Tenders must be made on the printed forms supplied.

Each tender must be accompanied by an accepted bank cheque, made payable to the order of the Honorable the Minister of Public Works, equal to five per cent. of the amount of the tender, which will be forfeited if the party decline to enter into a contract when called upon to do so, or if he fail to complete the work contracted for. If the tender be not accepted the cheque will be returned.

The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

By order,
F. H. ENNIS, Secretary.

Department of Public Works, Ottawa, 7th June, 1882. jy11

BRICKS. BRICKS.

COUGHLAN & MASON

WISH TO INFORM THE PUBLIC THAT THE advertisement of M. Humber to the effect that he carries the only bricks MOULDED BY A WHITE MAN has a tendency to mislead. The fact is that the moulder is the ONLY white man employed at M. Humber's Yard, all the rest of the employees being Chinese.

At our yard more than five hundred per cent. is expended on white labor than at Humber's.

We expect to be able to supply Bricks at A REASONABLE FIGURE.

je20 COUGHLAN & MASON.

TO THE ELECTORS OF VICTORIA CITY.

GENTLEMEN: AS ONE OF THE FOUR GENtlemen selected by the convention I beg to solicit the honor of your suffrages and I do so in the firm conviction that any change is preferable to a continuance of the deplorable incapacity of the existing government. Since they have held the reins of power our relations with the Dominion have been strained and instead of a cordial co-operation for our mutual benefit there has been a half-concealed distrust of a friendly government.

Much of the legislation for the past few years has been of a retrogressive character and many acts have been disallowed as trenching on the authority of the Dominion Parliament.

The enforcement of the collection of Provincial taxes has been unduly harsh and oppressive.

The removal of the Vancouver Island lands from the railway belt after having been locked up for so many years has rendered the construction of the Victoria and Nanaimo Railway as a portion of the Canada Pacific line very doubtful.

The blundering over the drydock and the arbitrary refusal of even allowing the claims of Messrs. Reid Brothers and their numerous creditors to be considered are subjects which vitally effect the credit of the Province and must inevitably delay the construction of necessary public works until the liabilities thus incurred are met.

I shall advocate the entire exclusion of Chinese and any measures which will have the effect of restricting their presence in this province will meet my support.

I shall forward the construction of the Island Railway in the mode best calculated to advance the interests of the Province, and strive to lessen the friction between the Dominion and the Province; and if I am honored with your confidence I shall give my support to any government which in my opinion will conduct the public business on sound principles and with honesty and integrity.

I have the honor to be, Gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,
M. W. TYRWHITT DRAKE.

je22

VICTORIA HIDE DEPOT.

HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR

HIDES, SHEEP AND DEER SKINS

OFFICE REMOVED TO WHARF STREET, DIRECTLY OPPOSITE J. P. DAVIES & CO'S AUCTION ROOMS.

H. BORNSTEIN.

N. B.—Liberal Cash Advances made on consignments.

AGENT for Louis Shloss & Co., San Francisco. jy8

VIENNA MARKET

NEW AND ENLARGED PREMISES.
NEW GOODS AND LOW PRICES

THE UNDERSIGNED HAS THE HONOR TO announce that he has removed his

POULTRY, FISH AND FRUIT MARKET

To GOVERNMENT STREET, nearly opposite the Arcade Restaurant.

He is now prepared to supply Families, Hotels and Dealers with the freshest and best descriptions of articles. California Fruits received by every steamer. Island and Mainland Eggs, Butter, Cheese, Fruits and Vegetables, and a well selected stock of

GROCERIES AND CONFECTIONERY.

Always on hand GEO. VIENNA.

au20

GOODACRE & DOOLEY,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

BUTCHERS,

QUEEN'S MARKET, VICTORIA, V. I.

PURVEYORS BY APPOINTMENT TO

H. M. ROYAL NAVY FOR ALL FRESH AND SALT MEATS VEGETABLES, ETC.

THE LARGEST AND CHOICEST ASSORTMENT OF

ALL DESCRIPTIONS OF MEAT, VEGETABLES, AND STOCK CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

The same Supplied to Families, Restaurants, Ships and Steamers at the LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES.

fe12

BRITISH COLUMBIA MARKET,

VAN VOLKENBURGH & CO.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

BUTCHERS,

ALHAMBRA BUILDING, CORNER GOVERNMENT AND YATES STREETS

VICTORIA, B. C.

Ships, Hotels and Families Supplied with Meats at the LOWEST RATES

ORDERS filled and delivered to any part of the City free of charge. fe26

OREGON BLOOD PURIFIER.

GREAT KIDNEY AND LIVER REGULATOR.

PURELY VEGETABLE COMPOUND. The Most Popular Medicine of the Age. TRY IT. All your Druggists Keep It. my10

THE STANDARD

LIFE ASSURANCE CO.,

ESTABLISHED 1825.

CONSTITUTED BY SPECIAL ACTS OF PARLIAMENT.

AT THE 56TH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING OF THE COMPANY HELD at Edinburgh on TUESDAY, the 2nd of MAY, 1882, the following results for the Year ended 15th November, 1881, were reported:—

2786 NEW PROPOSALS for Life Assurance were received during the Year for	£1,746,666	5	3
2286 PROPOSALS WERE ACCEPTED, assuring	£1,408,544	9	4
THE TOTAL EXISTING ASSURANCES in force at 15th November, 1881, amounted to	£19,820,014	19	10
Of which £1,546,083 15s. 10d. is re-assured with other offices.			
THE CLAIMS BY DEATH which arose during the year amounted to	£463,020	6	7
THE ANNUAL REVENUE amounted at 15th November, 1881, to	£838,467	7	9
THE INVESTED FUNDS at same date amounted to	£5,860,431	15	10

Rates of Premium and full information can be obtained from the Agents in Victoria. The Local Board of Directors has full power to accept risks and issue Policies without reference to head office.

STAHLSCHMIDT & WARD,
Agents and Secretaries to Local Board.

VICTORIA, 14th June, 1882. je15

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

SHORT & SIMPSON,

GUN & RIFLE MAKERS,

FORT STREET NEAR GOVERNMENT,

HAVE RECEIVED FROM LONDON DIRECT A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

DOUBLE AND SINGLE BARRELED GUNS

CENTRAL FIRE BREECH LOADERS,
FISHING TACKLE IN GREAT VARIETY.

Pocket and Sporting Cutlery, Powder Flasks, Shot Pouches, Game Bags, Cartridge Belts, Apparatus for Filling Cartridges for Breech-Loaders, and a Full Assortment of Gun Tackle.

GUNS MADE TO ORDER. au26ie3m REPAIRING NEATLY EXECUTED.

W. POLLARD,

BARRISTER-AT-LAW

HAS LOCATED HIS OFFICE PERMANENTLY on Langley street, opposite the Angel Ho and next to the Gaol.

A FIRE-PROOF VAULT is in the office Money to Lend at reasonable rates. fe28

THOS. TROUNCE

ARCHITECT, ETC.

OFFICE ON KANE STREET, MOVE DOUGLAS

PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS CAREFULLY prepared for Public Buildings or Private Residences, and the usual business of an Architect promptly executed

Daily Colonist.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, JULY 12TH, 1882.

L. P. FISHER, Advertising Agent, 21 Merchants Exchange, San Francisco, is authorised to receive advertisements for the columns of this paper.

MR. BEAVEN'S SPEECH.

We have before us an official printed copy of "A Statement of the Financial Position of the Province 1st January 1876." The statement bears the signature "T. Basil Humphreys, minister of finance." It sets forth that on the 1st of January, 1876, the liabilities of the Province amounted to $573,228.36. Mr. Humphreys was a member of the Elliott government, which had just then succeeded the Walkem government; he controlled the finance department of that government, and was in a position to report understandingly upon the true condition of the treasury. The statement, as may well be believed, proved a startling revelation to the country. It demonstrated that the government, which had received their portfolios from the McCreight government in 1872 with a surplus of upwards of $100,000 in the treasury, had actually expended that surplus and $573,223.36 besides, making a total over-expenditure of $673,228.36 to be provided for by the Province. This in itself was bad enough. It showed that there had been criminal and reckless xtravagance on the part of the government; that money had been "sown broadcast" throughout the land in furthering enterprises of doubtful public utility and more than questionable advantage, and that the government was (not to put too fine a point upon it) bankrupt. In prosecuting inquiries Mr. Elliott found that not only had there been criminal waste and extravagance in the administration of affairs, but that the Dominion subsidy had been trenched upon and seriously impaired by the overdrafts of the government. He found that the Province owed the Bank of British Columbia $130,280, which drew interest at the rate of 12 per cent. per annum, and that $30,000 had been borrowed of Sir James Douglas at a high rate of interest, and was still due that distinguished gentleman; that contractors, public servants and tradesmen were unpaid, and that claims for the simplest services could not be satisfied. All these, it will be seen, were sufficiently bad in themselves. But there was worse behind it all. *The country had been left without a revenue or the means of raising a revenue.* No provision had been made to meet even the current expenses of the government—to pay the official salaries or to complete the extensive contracts their predecessors had given out the previous summer in the hope of influencing the general elections in their favor. There was a heavy contract for the construction of a cofferdam and an enormous interest account to be provided for. Finances of the country, to speak accurately, were in ruins. The utmost disorder prevailed. The offices were besieged by creditors. The premier could not cross the bridge to and from the public buildings without being assailed with demands from needy contractors and tradesmen for payment of debts which had been incurred by the Walkem government. Under the circumstances it will be understood that the new government met the house with heavy hearts. But they triumphed over their difficulties and created a revenue. By the introduction of a light and equitable system of taxation and by the issue of a temporary loan they tided over the first year. The country recovered but slowly from the shock it had sustained at the hands of the Walkemites; the years of 1877 and 1878 were trying ones for the government, but day by day the revenue grew and the liabilities of their predecessors were reduced. In 1878, when the Walkem government resumed office, they found ready-made to their hands, several distinct sources of revenue. They were created by the Elliott government. To these sources alone is the premier, who talked his audience to sleep on Monday night, indebted for the financial statement which he opened at Philharmonic Hall. Did he give his predecessors credit for that fact? On the contrary, he felicitated himself upon the improved credit of the province and appropriated all the applause to himself that of right belongs to his predecessors. These are facts which the financial statement before us and the yellow books since 1875 clearly establish. Mr. Beaven's speech was apparently frank. But it was not frank; it abounded in prevarication, and in no single instance did he fasten the responsibility on the Elliott government of "a large deficit, debentures matured and unpaid, heavy bank overdraft, salaried officers, merchants and mechanics unpaid all over the Province." Indeed, when he remarked that the Elliott administration had paid $650,000 of the Walkem government's indebtedness, did he not supply the key to the whole situation? did he not furnish the needed link in the chain of evidence that tells heavily against himself? He confesses, and Mr. Humphreys, statement supports the confession, that he left the province upwards of $573,000 in debt and without a revenue to meet the deficiency. Mr. Beaven concealed the latter fact from the public on Monday. Here, said he, from a deficiency, I have invoked a surplus. But, Mr. Beaven, who placed the means within your reach to bring about that satisfactory result, if it really be such? Are you not indebted to the Elliott government for the nettle of revenue from which you claim to have plucked the flower of surplus? In the face of an overwhelming influx of Chinese, the non-completion of the drydock and the failure of the Island railway scheme, it is amazing to find Mr. Beaven laying claim to anything but disaster. Governments must be judged by results, not professions. Mr. DeCosmos in his address blames Mr. Beaven for killing the Island railway. Mr. Beaven, in his speech, praised Mr. DeCosmos, but claimed that the defeat of the Island railway scheme was meritorious! When two authorities so reliable and distinguished differ, who shall decide? In conclusion we must be allowed to say that not only did Mr. Beaven fail to prove the correctness of his address, but that he made out a poor case for his government.

The Late John Hutchinson's Death and Burial.

TO THE EDITOR:—In your issue of the 6th inst. there appeared a letter from Mr. Robinson (steward Royal Hospital) attempting to pull wool over the eyes of the public with regard to the death and burial of the late John Hutchinson: and accusing the friendly visitors of deceased with being indignant and insolent. Now, Mr. Editor, I think we were rightly indignant, and that Mr. Robinson should lay first claim to insolence. The facts of the case are these: Learning on Dominion Day that Mr. Hutchinson was very low and not likely to last long, myself and two others (all friends of his) went up to the hospital, enquired for him and were told that Mr. Hutchinson had just breathed his last. We were both sorry and surprised and politely asked permission to view the corpse, but were told by Mr. Robinson that we could not. Upon again making the request he refused to even open the door and let us look in, and said "you shall not, how do you expect to see a man when he has just died?" Mr. Robinson now rushes into print and claims that such was his duty; but, Mr. Editor, I hold that if it is the duty of the Royal Hospital steward to have dying patients in such a state that he is ashamed to have them seen, the sooner such an institution is closed the better.

With regard to the burial, I think I can fairly say that it was disgraceful, as the unfortunate man was buried in public grounds, with no outside case to the coffin, and only *two feet of ground over him*, while, on the other hand, had Mr. Robinson done his duty, the deceased would at the hands of his friends have had a burial becoming a respected citizen instead of a pauper.

Absence from the city has been the cause of my delay in replying to Mr. Robinson's letter.

H. M. WRIGHT

VICTORIA, July 11th, 1882.

An Examiner Examined.

TO THE EDITOR:—Through your journal I beg to ask Dr. Tolmie from what work he culled the quotation, "The king can do no harm." No such maxim exists. It is simply very erroneous; for the king *can do* harm. It may be that the learned doctor referred to the legal phrase, "The king can do no wrong."

ONE WHO LOOKS ON.

CALIFORNIA.

SAN JOSE, July 6.—The well known Lick mills, seven miles from here, were destroyed by fire to-day. About $100,000 was invested in the business. Loss not known at present. Several workmen barely escaped with their lives.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 8.—Under good crop prospects here and the threatening war cloud in Europe, which has given stronger tones to wheat markets here, rates have shown some improvements, and wooden ships are firmly held at £2 10s direct.

Sandwich Islands.

HONOLULU, July 3.—The Legislature is in session. The Gibson Ministry continue to carry their measures by large majorities. The proposed measure of organizing an armed force, or mounted constabulary for the protection of plantations meets general approval among property holders. The government introduced a bill providing for immigration on a large scale.

New Zealand.

WELLINGTON, June 17.—An address in reply to the Governor's speech was carried by both Houses of Parliament. Loyal addresses to the Queen, expressing gratification at her escape from the assassin, were adopted by both houses.

Imports of Zealand in 1881 were £7,457,045, exports £6,060,866.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

PARK HOTEL,

BEACON HILL.

FREE LUNCH.

jy12 **SAM EVANS.**

NOTICE.

THE UNDERSIGNED, WHOSE ENGAGEMENT with the C. P. R. has terminated, is prepared to resume the practice of his profession at the old address. EDWD. MALLANDAINE, Architect.

Government St., Victoria, B.C. je28

SHAWL LOST.

ON THURSDAY LAST, BETWEEN THE PARK Hotel and Medana's Grove, a LADY'S CASHMERE SHAWL. The finder will confer a favor by leaving it at this office. jy9 2t

HIDES AND CALFSKINS.

Highest Market Rates Paid for the above.

CONSIGNMENTS SOLICITED. PROMPT RETURNS RENDERED

W. HEATHORN

VICTORIA BOOT & SHOE MANUFACTORY AND ROCK BAY TANNERY. je24

TO BUILDERS.

TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED AT MY OFFICE on Kane street, where Plans and Specifications may be seen until 12 m., on SATURDAY, the 15th inst., for the erection of a Three-story Brick Warehouse on Fisguard street.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

THOS. TROUNCE, Architect.

Kane street, 7th July, 1882. jy8

MUNICIPAL.

THE PUBLIC ARE HEREBY NOTIFIED THAT on and after this date Rock Bay Bridge will be open for traffic.

W. LEIGH, C. M. C.

City Hall, July 3d, 1882. jy4

DR. MA CHOO TSUNG,

FROM CANTON.

DISEASES OF MEN, WOMEN AND CHILDREN skilfully and confidentially treated.

OFFICE—Cormorant street, near Store street, Victoria, B.C. my13 1m

STRAYED

FROM THE PREMISES OF THE UNDERSIGNED at Craigflower a bright bay colored Pony, with shaggy mane and tail. Any person giving information leading to the recovery, or restoring the same to either the City Pound or Craigflower will be suitably rewarded. JNO. J. AUSTIN.

July 8th, 1882. jy9

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TO THE ELECTORS OF THE CITY OF VICTORIA.

GENTLEMEN:—AS I AM A CANdidate for Victoria City at the approaching Provincial election I beg to solicit your votes and influence and a renewal of the confidence with which for the past four years you have honored me. In doing so I express the hope that my conduct as one of your representatives has been such as to meet with your approval and that you recognize that my efforts have been steadily directed to the welfare of Victoria and British Columbia.

All measures introduced in the Legislature calculated to advance your interests and the prosperity of this Province have received my hearty support. Among those of a local nature which have secured important advantages to you, I mention the abolition of Provincial taxation on real estate in Municipalities, the appointment of Police Magistrate and control of the police by the Mayor and Council, the retention of the whole of the liquor licenses by the city, the enlargement of Beacon Hill Park by the addition of considerable land and an extensive water front, the transfer of the Park and the Cemetry to the Corporation and an appropriation for a new school building now in course of construction. These beneficial measures had the united support of your members.

In the management of the most important provincial matters it is to be regretted that the government have not shown that amount of capacity which the people have a right to expect from those entrusted with the control of public affairs.

It was confidently expected that as soon as the Walkem government took office that the two great works which most directly concern you, the Esquimalt graving dock and the Island railway, would be energetically dealt with and that by the time the former would be completed and the latter under construction. Your reasonable expectations have not been realized; comparatively little has been done upon the dock and work upon it has been suspended. The island railway is not yet commenced and the position of this question is such that it is a matter of grave uncertainty when it will be.

If a government should be judged by its acts, then testing the present one by what it has accomplished in four years it must be acknowledged that its success has not been such as to inspire or justify confidence.

THE ESQUIMALT GRAVING DOCK.

Owing to the unsatisfactory condition of the dock and the rumors as to the extraordinary quantity of cement required for it I deemed it my duty to call for a committee of inquiry to examine into everything connected with it. The investigations of the committee disclosed a state of things worse than expected. To recapitulate here the serious mistakes made or the evidence of business mismanagement would require an address far beyond ordinary limits. I shall therefore take a more fitting opportunity to place you in possession of all the facts and to explain to you the course I took in dealing with the dock, which I believe was in your interest and in that of the Province. The dock ought to have been built before this, and must be pushed to completion as speedily as possible.

THE ISLAND RAILWAY.

The obligation of the Dominion to construct this railway is undoubted. It is a just cause of dissatisfaction that the Dominion government have not yet placed this short but important line of railway under construction as agreed upon. I am strongly of opinion that if Mr. Walkem when in Ottawa in 1880 had pressed with energy and ability the claims of the Province upon the Dominion government they would have become convinced of the desirability of making arrangements to build the Island railway, and would have included it in the contract shortly afterwards made with the syndicate. If re elected I assure you that you can rely upon my doing all that is possible to bring about the early construction of the Island railway.

THE CHINESE QUESTION.

The members of the last legislature were united in the desire to take all possible steps to stop the influx of Chinese into the Province. Whatever appeared practicable in the way of legislation was attempted, and when it became certain that the powers enjoyed by the Australian colonies by the exercise of which Chinese immigration had been there checked, were not possessed by this Province, but were monopolized by the Dominion at confederation, repeated efforts were made to impress the Dominion government with the urgent need of similar legislation to prevent British Columbia being overrun by Chinamen.

One of the objects of Mr. Walkem's mission to Ottawa in January, 1880, was to stop Chinese immigration. Mr. Walkem had a conversation with Sir John A. Macdonald on the subject, but no practical solution of the labor difficulty in connection with the railway was suggested by him. As sufficient white men for railway work were not in the country it was evident that unless steps were taken to induce white immigration that the Chinese would come. The contractors could not reasonably be expected to bring immigrants; like all employers of labor they take what they can get. My opinion is that the government should have devised a scheme for white immigration in conjunction with the Dominion government, so as to have left no opening for Chinese companies to import as a commercial speculation nine thousand Chinamen into British Columbia. The most forcible representations possible by the Provincial government, legislature and Dominion members to the Dominion government are urgently necessary to induce legislation next session similar to that of the United States.

DEFECTIVE LEGISLATION.

The excessive number of defective Acts passed by the Legislature of British Columbia, as compared with that of any other province in the Dominion, has provoked unfavorable comment. Much slovenly legislation is to be attributed to the Government neglecting, session after session, to have their bills drawn and ready for the legislative when convened. This was a bad habit, as Acts of Parliament should not be hurriedly framed. They require careful preparation, especially those intended to meet the peculiar circumstances of the province, such, for instance, as those dealing with the Chinese. Fatal defects in two bills affecting the Chinese were pointed out to the Government by several members; but the majority unfortunately were misled into the temporary belief that the Attorney-General's knowledge of law was a better guide than their own unassisted judgments.

THE FINANCES.

Having been Chairman of the Finance Committee for three sessions I am tolerably well acquainted with the financial position of the province, and my opinion is that the finances of the province cannot fairly be said to be in a satisfactory condition. The excessive expenditure of former governments materially reduced the income of the Province applicable to works of utility. Monies that otherwise would have been available for roads, etc., have been required for Interest, Sinking Fund, and the redemption of Debentures. Notwithstanding the large increase of provincial revenue from road tolls, poll tax, etc., consequent upon the Dominion railway work on the Mainland, it has been found barely sufficient to keep existing roads in passable repair. It was hoped that the last four years of forced reduction of expenditure on public works would have placed the finances of the province in such a position as to make possible from now on a much larger expenditure upon them. Unfortunately dock mismanagement and extraordinary cement requirements threaten to add to provincial indebtedness a much larger sum than has been paid off in four years, the result being that the financial aspect of affairs at present is more discouraging than it ever was before.

A POLICY OF PROGRESS.

It is the misfortune of the Province that it is afflicted with a Government without a policy and entirely non-progressive. Here is a country as large as four Oregons and with resources greater and more varied almost at a standstil as regards development, notwithstanding railway construction. Whilst during the last ten years Oregon has added 85,000 to her population, and even little Washington Territory 50,000, the population of big British Columbia has remained almost stationary. The Government have kept the country in the background. People on the search for new homes know nothing and could learn nothing about British Columbia. To-day a map of the province cannot be obtained here, in San Francisco or elsewhere "for love or money." We should not allow this state of darkness to continue. It is for you to see that your lands are thrown open to settlement, that information concerning them is disseminated by your government, so that a white population similar to that settling in the States and Territories adjoining you is attracted to your shores.

If elected I shall use all the influence I shall possess as your representative to promote the prosperity of British Columbia by encouraging immigration, the settlement of lands and the development of agricultural, manufacturing and mining interests.

jy9 WM. WILSON.

BLANKETS!

2½ Point WHITE and SCARLET,
3 " SCARLET,
4 " SCARLET, WHITE & GREEN
9-4 and 11-4 FAMILY.

FOR SALE BY

FINDLAY, DURHAM & BRODIE

Wharf St., 14th, June 1882. je15 1m

SUGAR China in mats, A11, A111, and A1111 grades.
do Central American.
RICE China, No. 1.
TEA Congou in half-chests, 10lb. and 5lb. boxes.
COFFEE Manilla
NUTMEGS, Sago and Tapioca

FOR SALE BY

FINDLAY, DURHAM & BRODIE

je13 WHARF STREET.

BRICKS. BRICKS.

500,000 SUPERIOR BRICKS

FOR SALE. CHEAPEST AND BEST IN THE market and the

ONLY BRICKS MOULDED BY WHITE MEN

M. HUMBER,

je16 Pioneer Brick Yard, Saanich Road.

SHIPS AND STEAMERS.

FOR NAAS AND SKEENA RIVERS.

THE STEAM SCHOONER

"DOLPHIN,"

WILLIAMS, Master,

Will sail on THURSDAY, JULY 16th, 1882,

For the above-named ports, from Turner, Beeton & Co.'s wharf.

For Freight and Passage, apply to

H. SAUNDERS,

jy11 Johnson street.

THROUGH TO YALE

WITHOUT CHANCE OF BOAT.

THE STEAMER

WESTERN SLOPE

CARRYING HER MAJESTY'S MAILS.

Will sail for New Westminster, Yale and Way Places

ON WEDNESDAY, JULY 12, AT 1 P. M.

Freight received on wharf any day between 7 a.m. and 6 p.m., and stored in well secured and dry sheds free of storage.

N. B. No goods to be supplied to steamer without a written order.

For Freight and Passage apply to

W. McNISH,

jy6 At Turner's New Wharf, foot of Yates st.

FOR CHARTER.

STEAMER GERTRUDE.

THIS WELL KNOWN, SWIFT AND POWERful Sternwheel Steamboat, lately running on Stickeen River, will arrive at this port in about a week from Fort Wrangel and is offered for charter.

For particulars apply to

HENRY SAUNDERS,

17 Johnson street.

WANTED.

WANTED.

AT THE ALBION WORKS

A FIRST-CLASS BLACKSMITH.

jy3

WANTED IMMEDIATELY

SIX GOOD DRESSMAKERS, TWO APPRENtices and one good Buttonhole maker.

Apply to MRS. M. ADAMS,

jy7 Douglas street.

WANTED

A GIRL TO TAKE CARE OF A YOUNG CHILD. Wages $15 a month. Washing put out.

je29 Apply at this office.

WANTED.

A RESPECTABLE PERSON TO TAKE CARE OF one child. Apply to MRS. PEARSE at Fernwood, from 11 to 1 p.m. je29 1w

WANTED

A BRICKMOULDER—WAGES $4 A DAY.

Apply to

COUGHLAN & MASON,

je17 3t Brickyard, Saanich Road.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY.

ABOUT 100 PIECES OF

GOOD, SOUND OAK,

In 6 ft. and 7 ft. Lengths, either in logs about 2 ft. in diameter or roughly hewn to about 15 inches square,

And delivered by land or water at Victoria.

A LIBERAL PRICE WILL BE PAID.

APPLY TO

Chas. Hayward's

SASH AND DOOR FACTORY,

je15d VICTORIA, B. C.

POLITICAL.

THE UNDERSIGNED CANDIDATES FOR THE Local Parliament will address the Electors of Victoria City at Philharmonic Hall on Wednesday evening, the 12th July, at 8 o'clock.

THEO. DAVIE,
M. W. T. DRAKE,
JAMES TRIMBLE,
jy9 WM. WILSON.

NOTICE TO SHIPBUILDERS, ETC.

TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED ON BEHALF of the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty, until NOON of

WEDNESDAY NEXT, THE 12TH INSTANT,

For hauling H. M. Gun Vessel "Rocket" on a slip or ways.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

The Tenders in question to be deposited in the Tender Box at the office.

J. H. INNES,
Naval Storekeeper, &c.

Royal Naval Yard, Esquimalt,
8th July, 1882. jy8

COMMERCE HOUSE.

NEW GOODS!

EX DAKOTA.

LATEST

NOVELTIES

—IN—

LADIES' SUMMER

MANTLES!

12-4 COUNTERPANES

& NEW PALACE QUILTS,

Toilet Sets & Toilet Covers,

8-4, 9-4 & 10-4

SHEETINGS

Plain, Twilled and Half-Bleached,

Barnsley & Russia Crash,

CANTON FLANNELS

BROWN AND WHITE,

4-4 ROUGH BROWNS

As usual 15c. and up.

BROWN CORD AND PRINTED MOLE.

5-8 Black Border Linen

HANDKERCHIEFS,

5-7 and 3-4 White ditto,

5-8 Hem Stitched Fancy Borders,

100 doz. Printed Bor. Hdkfs at 50c.

BROOKS', COATS' and CLARKE'S

SEWING COTTON, KNITTING PINS AND ELASTICS.

Wigan, Buckram and other

LININGS,

WADDED CARPET LINING,
HOUSE LINING,
BUTTER CLOTH.

200 GROSS

DRESS BUTTONS,

NEW STYLES.

A FINE LINE OF

JEWELRY

IN PINS, BROOCHES,
EARRINGS, CUFF STUDS,
BABY PINS, Etc.

All Departments now complete with a splendid assortment of

SUMMER GOODS!

TERMS AS USUAL.

DAVID SPENCER,

COMMERCE HOUSE

June 14, 1882. je15

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE NEW

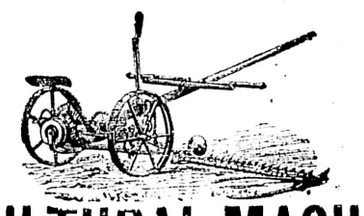


IN

PATENT DUST PROOF CASE

C. E. REDFERN'S, GOVERNMENT ST.

ja1



AGRICULTURAL MACHINERY

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE FOR SALE THE CELEBRATED

SMITH'S FALLS REAPER, NEW MODEL BUCKEYE MOWER,

ITHACA SULKY RAKE, FROST & WOOD'S STEEL AND IRON PLOWS, ROOT SLICERS, CHAFF CUTTERS, CULTIVATORS, FANNING MILLS, ETC., ETC.

AND A COMPLETE STOCK OF

HARDWARE AND IRON.

FELLOWS & PRIOR, - - - GOVERNMENT ST., VICTORIA.

jy8

CLEARANCE SALE!

—AT—

THE WHITE HOUSE.

HAVING DETERMINED TO

CLOSE OUT OUR SURPLUS SPRING STOCK,

WE WILL ON

MONDAY AND FOLLOWING DAYS

GIVE PURCHASERS AN OPPORTUNITY OF BUYING

New and Stylish Goods at a Reduction on Price never before attempted.

Having lots of Goods on the way we mean to make room by disposing of our present assortment at once and have marked prices down to a figure that must command immediate sale.

Now if ever is the time to buy.

The following will convey some idea of the Reductions made:

French Pattern Bonnets and Hats at less, than half-price.

Fancy Straw Hats $1 75 reduced to $1 10
do do 1 50 do 1 00
do do 1 25 do 75

Children's Dresses that ranged in price from $3 50 to $5 are now at the uniform price of $2 90, and those that sold from $5 to $8 are now $3 90 all round.

1000 yards Dress Goods at 8c., were 12½c.; 800 yds Striped and Open Work Pique, 15 yds for $1; 1500 yds good wide English Print 10 yds for $1; Brocaded Wrapper Goods 15c. were 25c.; Check and Lustres 15c. were 20c.; Shirting and Ginghams 12½c. worth 20c.; Striped Linen Finished Ginghams 15 yds for $1; Furniture Cotton Cashmere Pattern 10 yds for $1.

WHITE COTTONS—Soft finished heavy and strong equal to Horrocks' A, 11 yds for $1; Horrocks' A1 36 in. soft finished White Cotton 8 yards for $1, in perfect order; half-bleached Cotton 8 yards for $1; Canton Flannel 8 yds for $1; White Mosquito Netting extra quality 10 yards long 44 in. wide, $1 per piece; Linen Ulsters were $3 50 are $2 65; Linen Dolmans were $4 25 now $3 25; Kid Gloves in good order and spotted in 2 and 4 button 50c. and 75c. per pair; Children's Aprons 3 for 50c.; Children's Merino Dresses 40c.; Children's Pique and Sateen 50c.; 1200yds Shaded and Moire Ribbon 1½ in. wide at 10c. per yard; 1500 yds striped Satin Hair Ribbon 5 yards for 25c.; 19 in. Brazilian Sunshades 40c. each; 22 in. Picnic Sunshades, green and blue lined, at $1, reduced from $1 50.

Sweeping reductions have also been made in other lines of spring goods, all of which must be closed before the close of the season.

THE WHITE HOUSE

BEST CHANCE YET OFFERED FOR BARGAINS IN MILLINERY AND DRY GOODS

THE WHITE HOUSE

EXTRA GOOD VALUE IN STAPLES AND HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS.

THE WHITE HOUSE

Hutcheson, Young & Co.

VICTORIA, B.C. 25th June, 1882. je25

TO LET.

HOUSE, STABLE, SHEDS, OUT BUILDING, paddock and good well of water. Rent $10 per month. Apply to L. Lowenberg, Government street. je25

TO LET.

AT A MODERATE RENT A TWO-STORY FRAME Dwelling House, furnished, with garden and outhouses attached, two minutes' walk from the centre of the city. Apply to R. HALL, or to N. SHAKESPEARE,

je30 Yates street.

TO LET.

A FURNISHED ROOM TO RENT, WITH OR without Breakfast, in a private family on Pandora avenue. Address "A. M.," *The Colonist* office

je

POLITICAL.

ESQUIMALT DISTRICT LOCAL ELECTIONS.

MESSRS. POOLEY AND CHILDS WILL ADdress the electors of Esquimalt District

AT THE SCHOOL HOUSE, ESQUIMALT TOWN,

On FRIDAY, 14th inst., at 8 P. M.

AND AT PARSON'S BRIDGE,

On SATURDAY, 15th inst., at 7 P. M.

jy6

TO CONTRACTORS.

TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED AT MY OFfice on Kane street, where the plans and specifications may be seen, until Two p. m. on Monday, the 10th inst., for the erection of a Hard-finished Cottage Residence on Michigan street, James Bay.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted

jy6 THOS. TROUNCE, Architect.

Daily Colonist.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, JULY 12TH, 1882.

TELEPHONIC.

THE COLONIST editorial rooms are in telephonic communication with the central office, with Esquimalt and with the residence of the proprietor. Parties having news or other information to communicate will confer a favor by transmitting it to this office through the instrument of the nearest subscriber.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

PORT OF VICTORIA, BRITISH COLUMBIA.

ENTERED.

July 11—Slp Eliza, Plumper Pass
Str North Pacific, Pt Townsend
Str Woodside, Sooke

CLEARED.

July 11—Slp Eliza, Plumper Pass
Sch C. C. Perkins, Pt Townsend
Str North Pacific, Pt Townsend
Str Woodside, Sooke

Letters Detained for Postage at Victoria P. O.

JULY 11, 1882

Brown, R., Saanich
Cogan, H., Fisgard Lighthouse
Dingwall, W. M., Comox
Dunlevy, P. C., Soda Creek
Everett, P., Esquimalt road
French, M., New Westminster
Jonekan, Very Rev. Father, Victoria, B.C.
Lyman, Sons & Co., Montreal
Morgan, Major T. S., Tombstone, A.T.
Redfield, Mrs. O. F., Smartsville, Cal

THE CARIBOO WAGON ROAD.

SHAMEFUL INACTION OF THE GOVERNMENT.

The Season Fleeting and Nothing Done.

(Special to The Colonist.)

YALE, 11th July.

Neil Black's estimate of the repairs necessary to the Yale wagon road, caused by the high water, is $11,200.

The delay of three weeks by the government will affect the interior very seriously. For several weeks settlers have been short of a great many articles.

Reapers, harvesters, etc., in abundance are lying here, and won't be got out for five weeks. Consequently farmers will be heavy losers. The road should have been in operation in two weeks hence; instead of that two or three men only have been employed since the water receded. The contractors are prepared to hire 100 men to-day and a few bridge men at high wages.

Passenger List per Dakota.

(Special to The Colonist.)

SAN FRANCISCO, July 10.

Mrs. Stein, Mrs. Alladis, J. A. Wood, D. Jennings, J. Abrahams, Mrs. Hendry, Father Bouchard, Mrs. Annie Martin, N. P. Snowdon, John L. Major and wife, Rev. G. E. Sheppard, M. Henderson, Cadet H. C. Cary, Rev. T. Crosby and wife and child, W. J. Dowler, R. Hirschfield, George Rittock, Mrs. H. Young and son, Mrs. G. Hooker, Arthur Gordon, Mrs. J. Snowdon, Rev. A. Hale, Miss McAvoy, Mrs. Captain Jacobson, Captain Clarke.

Beware the Ides of March.

The ides of March full well had fled
As through an eastern village sped
A note which, borne through wind and rain,
Had on superscription plain—
DeCosmos.

The delegate he saw the light
Of countless dollars shining bright;
Perchance an office might transpire!
Could more be found to raise the fire
Of A. DeCosmos!

Try not to pass, true prudence cried;
Conceit's no use, nor yet false pride.
Made answer he: "My time is past;
My pedigree will stand the last,"
DeCosmos.

"Should failure come I can but rest
Upon Victoria's swasive breast,
And tap again her money-chest.
They little know the inner vest
Of A. DeCosmos."

REFLECTIONS FOR VICTORIANS.

Victorians, all full well you know
The vote DeCosmos gave;
Now, was he loyal? was he true?
Or to his spleen a slave! B. P.

Weather Report.

The meteorological report for last month, compared with June of last year, as furnished by a gentleman of this city, is as follows:

	June, 1882.	June, 1881.
Mean temperature	58°	56°
Highest "	83	72°
Lowest "	42	40°
Rainfall, inches	0.42	1.56
Total rainfall for six months, to June 30.	12.49	19.99

Rainfall was very light as compared with the corresponding month of 1881; and the total fall for the six months was but little over one-half of the six months ending June, 1881.

Tramp! Tramp! Tramp! the Yellow Boys are Marching.

Ground has been broken on Fisgard street for a three-story brick structure which will be devoted to the manufacture of cigars, clothing, tinware and boots and shoes by Chinese. The owners are all wealthy Chinamen, who intend, if possible, to monopolize all the trade in the branches named. In California there is only one Chinaman to 100 whites. In British Columbia there is a Chinaman to every white man.

TO THE ELECTORS OF VICTORIA CITY.

GENTLEMEN:—I am a candidate to represent you in the Local Legislature, and I solicit your suffrages and support.

ALEX. WILSON

Victoria, July 8th, 1882.

OLD WAR HORSES.—The Eastern provinces are about as sick of old political war horses, commonly called "hacks," as the people of the Pacific province. Eight of these wornout steeds went to grass at the recent elections. Mr. Anglin, one of the number, loses his deposit of $200, having failed to secure half the number of votes polled for the highest candidate. Old "war horses" are played out.

THE GOVERNMENT TICKET.—Mr. Williams is entitled to an apology. He has been read off the government ticket. His name don't appear thereon. The government standardbearers (according to the organ) are Messrs. Drummond, Beaven, A. Wilson and Duck.

SPRING CHICKENS.—A sailing boat which arrived yesterday morning from Lopez Island brought 11½ doz. spring chickens and a quantity of eggs.

The Local at Cedar Hill.

Between 40 and 50 of the electors from Cedar Hill and the surrounding neighborhood assembled last evening at the School house to discuss local politics. All the candidates namely, Messrs. McTavish, R. John, A. S. Farwell, T. B. Humphreys and J. McIlmoyl were present.

After the meeting had been called to order at 8:45 p.m., Mr. R. Irvine, senr., was called to the chair, and Mr. Deans secretary.

The chairman stated the object of the meeting.

Mr. Humphreys suggested that Mr. McIlmoyl should speak first and the other candidates in any order they might decide upon and himself last.

Mr. Farwell objected to this arrangement as Mr. Humphreys would then have a chance to talk for two hours if he saw fit. He would, however, abide by the wishes of the meeting.

Mr. McIlmoyl took the floor amid some applause. After expressing pleasure in meeting so many of the electors at such a busy time, he reviewed briefly the principal questions that had been before the people during the past four years. Increase of representation was the first one touched upon. He was opposed to any such change. The question was not dead as had been shown by the resolution brought forward last session which his amendment defeated by the casting vote of the speaker. His contention was that it was premature for New Westminster to ask for an increase, as the construction of the railroad on the Island would increase population on the Island and when the railroad is built then it would be time enough to talk about an increase of representation. A review of the railway question was next given during the past four years, and the action of the local government endorsed and defended; particularly Mr. DeCosmos' last mission to London. Compensation for railway delays was next referred to and the idea advanced that a large amount could be obtained if parties well acquainted with the question should have the management of it. Municipal matters were briefly touched upon; as was also the school question. He held that the money appropriated for schools was the best spent money in the country. (Applause.) The assertion was made that now the expenditure was within the revenue and that $161,000 of the provincial debt had been paid off. During the reign of the first Walkem government more than a million of dollars was spent in excess of the revenue, but lately the province had been living within its means. Appropriations for the Victoria district were then enumerated for several years past. Since 1879 he contended that this district had received something more than her eleventh share of the revenue and that the representatives of the district had done ample justice to their constituents. So long as he was favored with their confidence he would carry out their wishes in every particular. (Applause.) He would leave the result with the electors and if he should be defeated on the 24th he would bow to their decision as he believed the majority should rule at all times. (Applause.)

On Mr. Farwell being called he stated that he still believed Mr. Humphreys should speak first. He would move in amendment that Mr. Humphreys take the floor.

Mr. Humphreys contended that the electors should decide the question.

Mr. R. John was then called upon to speak and stated that if he were honored with the confidence of the electors he would do the best he could for the interests of the district. He did not pretend to make great speeches but by the time he had been as long in the House as Messrs. McIlmoyl and Humphreys he would be able to do better (Applause.) He disputed the correctness of Mr. McIlmoyl's figures and contended that the district with more than 100 miles of road should have larger appropriations. He deprecated the idea of opposing education grants if elected for no one could be more in favor of public schools than himself. He was as much in favor of the Island and mainland railway as Mr. Humphreys. He contended that had it not been that the government of Sir John Macdonald got into power there would not have been one inch of railway in the province as the local government of which Mr. Humphreys was a member had done nothing whatever in that direction. He was in favor of building the drydock; but he noticed that the government candidates said just as little on that question as they possibly could. The Imperial and Dominion governments should aid very materially in this great and necessary work. The taxes he thought should be paid in the fall instead of the time when they are now paid. He opposed the influx of Chinese and would if elected try to do something with that question. He would do all in his power if elected to advance the interests of the district. (Much applause.)

Mr. McTavish on taking the floor was remarkably well received. He stated that he was new to political life and could not be expected to do as well as those that had been in the House for a long time. His interests were identical with those present as he was a farmer with them. The figures of Mr. McIlmoyl were fallacious and proved nothing. He was in favor of compensation and immigration from Europe and the States. [A Voice—What about the Eastern provinces.] That's so, thank you for the suggestion. The people from the Eastern provinces were the best kind of settlers. He thought the roads should be looked after in the winter more than they are as most of the travel was done on them at that season of the year. No one could be more in favor of common school education than himself. (Applause.) On the question of representation he contended that New Westminster should have an additional member and that one should be taken from Kootenay and given to that district. (Applause.) He was opposed to the influx of Chinese and would if elected try to put a stop to such immigration, as he thought the lower country would be flooded with them when the railroad is finished. He was young in politics as he was in swaddling clothes when Mr. Humphreys was in the legislature so that he could not be expected to talk like that gentleman.

Mr. Howe—What compensation would you ask for?

Mr. McTavish—As much as we can get. (Great applause.)

Mr. Howe wished to know how he could prove that the Walkem government had trifled with the question of compensation and with the funds of the Province.

Mr. McTavish replied at some length and to the full satisfaction of the audience, as was evidenced by loud applause.

Mr. Deans wanted to know what about the drydock.

Mr. McTavish thought that the Imperial and Dominion governments should complete it if it was going to cost the country much more money. He for one did not want to pay any more taxes, and he did not think the electors did. The present government had mismanaged everything, and particularly with regard to cement. (Loud applause.).

Mr. Farwell took the floor amid considerable applause. He contended that Kootenay should be disfranchised and the member given to New Westminster. It was a reasonable proposition that that district should be merged with Yale. No one had any idea of altering the relative number of representatives on the Island and the Mainland. (Applause.) The present government had cut off a member from Cowichan, a prosperous farming district, and one that was growing fast. (Applause.) He did not think that any one wanted to take a member from Victoria district. He was better acquainted with the district than his honorable friend Mr. Humphreys. (Hear! hear!) Yes, and shall have the opportunity of traveling over it more in the future than he will. (Applause.) An explanation of what had occurred at the Saanich meeting was then entered into at some length. He did not know much about hogs and hog law, but he knew that they had rings in their noses. (Laughter.) If the electors wanted to put rings in their noses he had no objections. (Laughter and applause.) The drydock question was then entered into at considerable length, and the government condemned for their action with regard to that work. The statement that he was mixed up with that work was controverted. He was only connected with it in the way of his profession as an engineer, The Provincial Secretary had strangely mixed up the drydock with the coffer-dam, and fully demonstrated that he knew nothing about the work in question. He contended that Reed Bros. were not fairly dealt with. There was no excuse whatever for the celebrated voucher not being paid. The arbitrators lately decided that they had been badly used. Mr Walkem knew nothing about the matter when he let the contract to McNamee & Co. (Hear! hear!) In fact, he had said that he knew no more about the drydock than he did about surgery. If elected he would do the best he could for district roads and bridges. He intended to call some meetings of his own and would not detain the electors longer. (Much applause.)

Mr. Humphreys reviewed the action of the government during his term of office. He characterized the conduct of the opposition candidates, particularly Mr. John, as evincing much ignorance, particularly about the railroad.

Mr. John asserted that he knew as much about the railroad as Mr. Humphreys. (Hear! hear!)

Mr. Humphreys contended that if all the new hands aspiring to legislative honors should get in it would be utter ruin to the Province. The speeches of Messrs. John, McTavish and Farwell were characterized as being visionary, and he was strongly of opinion that they did not intend to carry out their pledges. There was much difference between promising to get money and getting it. (Hear! hear!) He was certain that if any two of these gentlemen were elected they would not get a fraction of what the district had been getting for public works, because other representatives would steal a march on them. Mr. McIlmoyl was much eulogized as a member of the legislature. He claimed credit for reducing the cost of law by passage of the Judicature law. The drydock was next referred to at considerable length, and Mr. Farwell was threatened with complete annihilation for what he had said about that work. Mr. F. was nothing but a tool and satellite of the local contractors and was certain to be relegated to the shades of political limbo by the electors. (Hear! hear!) He contended that the old hands would and could do more than new and inexperienced men. Mr. Walkem was defended in all his actions with regard to drydock matters. If any one was to blame about the cement it was Mr. Farwell. Candidates on the Mainland were designated as traitors because they did not want to saddle the Province with the completion of the dock.

Mr. McTavish asked if Mr. Humphreys did not promise to hold a meeting every year.

Mr. Humphreys did not remember making any such promise.

In reply to a question of the chairman about the Clements bill Mr. Humphreys replied at some length. He hoped that he had answered the question satisfactorily, but the chairman shook his head. (Applause and laughter.)

The chairman wanted to know something about the school system.

Mr. Humphreys said that although the school act required amendment he dare not interfere with it because the act would have been pulled to pieces if opened up.

Mr. John denied that he had promised electors a rock crusher, as had been asserted by Mr. Humphreys.

A vote of thanks was passed to the chairman and the secretary. Adjourned at 11:30 p. m.

The Dominion Elections.

The Dominion election returns, corrected to date, stand as follows: Ontario—Liberals, 38; Conservatives, 53; majority, 15, (that includes for the Conservatives North Bruce, Bothwell and Muskoka, of the result in which latter place there is a doubt). Quebec—Liberals, 13; Conservatives, 49; Independents, 2; majority, 36. Nova Scotia—Liberals, 8; Conservatives, 13; majority, 5. New Brunswick—Liberals, 8; Conservatives, 7; Independent (Foster), 1. Prince Edward Island—Liberals, 4; Conservatives, 2. Grand total: Liberals, 71; Conservatives, 124; Independents, 3. Conservative majority (including Independents), 56; with Algoma, Chicoutimi, Manitoba and British Columbia to hear from, which will probably increase the Ministerial majority to not more than 64. Messrs. Rae for Annapolis, N. S., and Keefler for Lunenburg, N. S., both at first announced as defeated, have been elected by fair majorities. This gives a gain of two seats to the Liberals.

The Fire at Gordon Head.

The fire on the Gordon Head road has proved most disastrous to the hard-working settlers and woodmen. Between 300 and 400 cords of wood have been destroyed, and although the flames were fought all night, the fire still raged yesterday. Following are the individual losses: Baker Bros., 75 cords; R. Irvine, 40 cords; L. Leclair, 150 cords; J. Hayes, 60 cords; George Stelly, 35 to 40 cords. It is feared that other damage will be done.

FROM YALE.—Steamer Western Slope arrived at 1 o'clock yesterday morning from Yale, which place she left at 1 p.m. on Monday. She waited at Yale for passengers in consequence of its being payday. A large number of whites, Chinese and Indians came down to New Westminster. The river is falling gradually. Both the Slope and Rithet will leave again to-day for the head of navigation.

What Some People Say.

That a large pile of broken glass bottles lying on Turner's wharf is dangerous, particularly at night, when people are liable to stumble and fall upon it.

That *The Weekly Colonist* is now ready.

That Mrs. Malaprop says all Chinese claiming to be British "objects" should be placed in the chain gang and made to pick "opium," and that this is the only *apropos* observation she has ever been known to make.

That Guiteau's skeleton is being bleached in the sun, and will soon be cured.

That the black smallpox is raging at Mazatlan, Mexico.

That H. C. Struve was elected mayor of Seattle and Dr. Minor mayor of Port Townsend on Monday.

That A. W. Piper ran for councilman at Seattle and got 18 votes out of a possible 100.

That it is found that gas lamps glazed with the Siemens glass are not only proof against breakage in the most violent storms, but that pebbles thrown with force against panes will rebound harmlessly. It is also stated that the lamps along a promenade in Hamburg were regularly broken every winter by storms of sleet until the tough glass was employed, whereupon this destruction was no longer experienced. A special quality is also used for water-main pipes, and is claimed to be stronger than cast iron, imperishable and incorrodable.

That the Nellie Boyd Co. have been enjoined from playing "Hazel Kirke."

That Engineer Melville is coming home from the Arctic.

That P. Manetta has sold his stock, horses and land on Store street for $5,500.

Municipal Police Court.

(Before Hon. A. E. Pemberton.)

TUESDAY, July 11th.

LARCENY.

The case of Thos. Hampton, charged with stealing $6.25 from Joseph Veich, on Menzies street, James Bay, which was adjourned from Monday, was brought up for trial.

The complainant stated that while in company with Hampton on the Dallas road, near the government buildings, the two having had some drinks together, he became unconscious, and that while in this state he believed that Hampton had taken $6.25 from him, as he was the only person in his company. He was liable to fits.

The evidence was very lengthy, and the case was finally remanded until Thursday, in order that another witness for the prosecution might appear.

THREATENING LANGUAGE.

A man was charged with using threatening language on the picnic grounds on the 4th of July.

It appeared that the matter arose out of an "old saw" between the two on the Naas river, complainant stating that the accused had robbed him and been convicted of the offence. Complainant admitted he was drunk at the time the offence took place, and accused was allowed to enter into his own recognizance for $100 for three months.

A Mystery Explained.

People wondered that Mr. Humphreys had issued no address to the electors of Saanich. All the other candidates in all the other districts had done so; but Mr. H. appeared to consider it no part of his duty to do likewise. The dispatch announcing that he has been nominated at Nanaimo explains everything. He regards his chances in the district as so indifferent that he is casting about for a harbor of refuge. He thinks he has found it in Nanaimo; but he will be mistaken. He will not get 20 votes there, and his chances in Victoria District have been rendered even more precarious—if such a thing were possible—than they were before. It is a dodge, but it is so transparent that it will defeat itself.

FROM THE NORTH.—The Otter arrived last evening from Wrangel and way ports with Bishop Cridje, Senator Macdonald, Messrs. Becton and Hull, and Mrs. McCulloch, from Nanaimo, and 25 Indians. Her freight consisted of 1000 cases salmon from Inverness, some oil from Skidegate, and furs from the different H. B. Co.'s posts. Up to Sunday last at Bella Coola the trip was a disagreeable one, raining almost continuously. Mr. Duncan's steamer, the Princess Louise, was towed down for repairs to boiler and machinery. The Metlakahtlah, Inverness and other canneries are quite busy. There is no further news from Cassiar or Takou. Wrangel is very dull and but little doing. Mr. Duncan is carrying on his Indian work as formerly and paying no attention whatever to other matters.

AN UNKNOWN WELL.—On taking up the floor of the wooden buildings that have just been removed to make way for the large addition to the Occidental Hotel, Mr. Jansen uncovered an old and altogether forgotten well, that in former days is said to have supplied all the Hudson Bay Co.'s employees who lived in that locality. There are 15 or 16 feet of water in it, which, although covered up for many years, is apparently sweet and good. It is to be cleaned out, deepened, bricked up and a pump inserted, for the hotel in case of emergency. Had there been a secret trap door over it the uses to which it might have been put in early and rough times would have induced the owner to fill it up rather than preserve such a relic of early days.

A CHANGE.

Our many readers will gladly welcome the introduction into general use of the pleasant remedy Syrup of Figs, which is as agreeable to the taste as the fruit from which it is made, and better than oil, salts, pills or any of the bitter, and nauseous medicines of bygone days. As it costs nothing to try it, and always gives satisfaction, everyone is using it wherever known. Langley & Co., Wholesale Druggists, are agents for Victoria and B. C. 2

THE GENERAL DIRECTORY.—Canvassing work on the new Provincial Directory is nearly completed, and after Mr. Wm. Wolz, the general agent, returns from the East Coast compiling will commence; shortly after that the new work will make its appearance. *

THE MEETING OF THE BOARD OF DELEGATES.—Last evening a meeting of the Board of Delegates was held at the Tiger engine house. Mr. W. Lohse occupied the chair, but nothing beyond ordinary routine business was brought before the Board.

NAVAL.—H. M. S. Kingfisher arrived at San Francisco July 9, from San Blas, and will remain for a few days. The vessel, which has a register of 1130 tons and engines of 1090 horse-power, carries six guns and a complement of 138 men. She sailed for Esquimalt yesterday.

Marine.

Alexander arrived in port last night from the Cape, having taken down the ships Sumatra and Pettingill. The straits were quite clear of shipping when the Alexander returned.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 10.—The Steamer Strathairly, one of the unfortunate coolie trading ocean tramps, vacated her berth to-day. She was taken to drydock where she will be thoroughly overhauled.

There is no change to report in the steamer Belgic. The vessel has been lying tranquilly at anchor in the bay for the past 10 days, notwithstanding she has on board about 600 as thoroughly disgusted and indignant passengers as can well be imagined. The Board of Health and quarantine officer are masterly inactive on the question of releasing the steamer.

This afternoon the British barkentine Madge Wildfire was towed into the harbor by a tug in a disabled condition. Sixty days ago the vessel sailed from Callao, bound for Humboldt. When within 127 miles of her destination the barkentine encountered a terrific squall which knocked her over on her beams end. By the most strenuous exertions on the part of officers and men the vessel was righted. It was found necessary, however, to cut away the mainmast level with the deck and the topmasts fore and aft. In this disabled condition the vessel arrived off the heads.

The British sea tramp Altonower, which was kept in quarantine 63 days, sailed to-day for Hongkong.

ALMOST A SERIOUS FIRE.—Yesterday afternoon about 3:30 a fire was observed on the premises of Mrs. Hall, upon the corner of Vancouver and Franklin streets. It appears the dry grass had caught from a barrel of hot ashes, and the fire had extended to the fence and might have caused quite a serious amount of damage, when it was fortunately extinguished by Mr. Hustleton, an ex-fireman.

THE JOE ADAMS.—This little steamer, recently purchased on the Sound by Messrs. Findlay, Durham & Brodie for service on the Fraser in towing fishing boats to their cannery, left yesterday morning for her destination. She is a neat, serviceable and fast little craft, and will be quite an acquisition to that firm's extensive cannery plant.

PENMANSHIP.—Professor J. P. Feaster will open a school of penmanship and book-keeping at Broughton street schoolhouse on this (Wednesday) evening at 7:30 o'clock. *

QUEEN CHARLOTTE ISLAND.—Mr. Henderson, the expert, and a party of men are on board the Dakota. They are on their way to Queen Charlotte Island to open the deposits of anthracite coal there.

HOW IS THIS?—Mr. Duck, who issued an address announcing himself to be an "independent," now figures on the government ticket. Will Mr D. explain to-night?

OPPOSITION MEETING.—A meeting called by the Opposition candidates will be held at Philharmonic Hall this evening at 8 o'clock, sharp. Punctuality is requested.

Eastern Canada Mail.

(Per steamer North Pacific.)

TORONTO, June 27.—In the Bothwell election case the county judge at Chatham has given the seat on a recount to Mr. Mills by a majority of twelve.

A re-count has been ordered in North Wentworth, where Mr. Bain, Reformer, claims to have been elected by a majority of two.

The diocese of Ottawa has been divided by His Holiness, and the see of Pembroke created. The Very Rev. N. Z. Conveau has been designated Bishop of the new see.

The body of a boy named John Campbell has been found in the river at Owen Sound under suspicious circumstances.

A recount has been demanded and granted in behalf of Mr. McKechnie, the Tory candidate for North Wentworth, who was defeated by Mr. Bain by two votes. Protests are to be entered against the return of Prof. Foster and Mr. Josiah Wood in King's county and Westmoreland, N. B., respectively, on the ground of bribery.

A very affecting scene was witnessed when the mother and brother of Vankoughnet, the Buck Lake murderer, paid a final visit to the doomed man yesterday. The execution takes place between eight and nine o'clock this morning. Vankoughnet is resigned to his fate.

HALIFAX, N. S., June 26.—Forster, alias Armandale, the man charged with shooting with intent to kill the Munro boy and girl at East Dalhousie, Annapolis, last winter, has been tried in the Supreme Court at Bridgetown. Two indictments were entered against him, one for shooting the boy and the other for shooting the girl. He pleaded guilty to the former charge and not guilty to the other, and was sentenced on the first count to penitentiary for life.

One-half the town of St. Mary's, N.B., has been devastated by fire. The damage is $50,000, one-third only being covered by insurance.

One of the five heirs to the valuable Clare estate in Carlow Co., Ireland, has been discovered living in very humble circumstances in Montreal.

Reports from the Niagara Peninsula show that the apple crop will be almost a total failure, and the demand for other fruit is therefore expected to be very large.

A gang of sharpers and counterfeiters have been successful in extensive swindling operations among the Montreal banks. Taking alarm they fled and succeeded in eluding pursuit.

WINNIPEG, June 27.—Hon. Joseph Royal, Conservative, has been re-elected by acclamation for Provencher to-day. In Winnipeg, Scott, Smith, and Conkling were nominated; in Selkirk, Mulvey, and Sutherland; Marquette, McDonald and Weston (provincial rights); in Lisgar, Schultz and Ross (Independent.)

BURDOCK Blood Bitters is not a Whiskey Stimulant or fancy drink to pander to the depraved appetite of the intemperate, but a pure vegetable life-giving Tonic and regulator of the secretions. It acts promptly on the Bowels, the Liver, the Blood and the Kidneys, purifying and giving tone to the entire system. Try a Sample Bottle which Costs only 10 Cents, Large Bottles $1. 27

MRS. SIDNEY WILSON having returned from San Francisco will be prepared to received her music pupils on and after the 1st proximo. Instruction given either at the pupil's or at Mrs. Wilson's residence, Frederick street, where a piano for daily practice is at the service of those pupils who have no instrument. Lessons given in the evening if preferred.

June 26th. *

EUROPE AND EGYPT.

Canada Gets a Snubbing.

ALEXANDRIA ABANDONED TO ITS FATE.

Bombardment to Begin Yesterday.

THE FRENCH WILL NOT PARTICIPATE.

PARIS, July 10.—It is announced semi-officially that the French fleet will go to Port Said, in accordance with an understanding with Admiral Seymour.

LONDON, July 10.—The *Daily News* learns there has been important correspondence with the Canadian government relative to their action with the resolutions of the Dominion party approving home rule for Ireland. The imperial government expressed an emphatic disapproval of the conduct of the Dominion.

ALEXANDRIA, July 10.—All foreign ships of war except the English are leaving the harbor.

CONSTANTINOPLE, July 10.—The Turkish Admiral has warned the crews of the Turkish ironclads to be in readiness.

LONDON, July 10.—The telegraph wires are now working from a ship moored some miles off Alexandria, communication with the port being maintained with dispatch boats.

The *Times* says: In the event of war in Egypt 500 men of the household cavalry will be made ready for immediate and active service.

SIMLA, July 10.—The 65th regiment is ordered to Aden.

LONDON, July 10.—In the house of lords this afternoon Lord Granville confirmed the news that unless Alexandria surrendered Admiral Seymour would bombard it at daybreak to-morrow. It is painful, he said, to be obliged to use force against the weak but hostile Egyptians. Preparations for resistance have been proceeding in defiance of both the Sultan and the Khedive. The action now taken will be simply defensive.

The Irish repression bill was read in the lords the second time without revision. In the commons Gladstone stated the defeat of the government last Friday was quite unprecedented. The government would use its discretion in employing the powers given them, and he hoped it would not be necessary to employ all of them. That was all he had to say on the subject.

Gladstone stated he had abandoned the hope of passing any of the bills mentioned in the Queen's speech on the opening of Parliament except the corrupt practice bill. It would be impossible to amend the land bill at the present session, and after passing the repression and arrears bills, he should ask for an adjournment, probably until the latter part of October: Parliament will then meet for the purpose of discussing procedure in such cases only.

The Under Secretary made a statement regarding events in Egypt, similar to that of Lord Granville in the Lords, which was received with cheers.

ALEXANDRIA, July 10.—The American Admiral, Nicholson, has warned Arabs working on the forts that if they fire at him he will return the fire.

CALCUTTA, July 10.—The government of India has received final and definite orders to dispatch its contingent to Egypt under Sir Herbert Macpherson, who commanded a brigade in the Afghan war. A large siege train is preparing at Agra and Bombay arsenals. The Eastern Telegraph Company is transferring its office on ship board. Ships having on board officials of the Ottoman Bank Credit Lyonnaise have already left. The twenty-four hours expires to-morrow, when the bombardment will commence. Admiral Seymour yesterday summoned his captains aboard the flag ship and settled the details of bombardment. The French fleet will not participate in the bombardment.

LONDON, July 1.—In an action for libel brought by Scrutton, Manager of the notorious St. Paul's Industrial School, against Helen Taylor, the case terminated in a verdict by consent for £100. The defendant, in a letter to a third party, said that Scrutton was morally guilty of manslaughter, and charged that he had corruptly supplied the school with adulterated food.

To the Electors of Victoria City.

GENTLEMEN:—I will be a candidate for the representation of Victoria City in the Local House as the workingman's candidate. R. COPELAND. *

To the Electors of Victoria District.

Mr. R. F. John will be a candidate to represent Victoria District in the Local House at the ensuing Provincial election.

To the Electors of Vancouver District.

Mr. D. W. Gordon will be a candidate to represent Vancouver District in the House of Commons. *

Vancouver District.

Mr. A. Bunster has the honor to announce that he is a candidate for re-election in Vancouver district for the commons. *

REALIZED.

We take pleasure in announcing that the endeavor to produce a perfect remedy, agreeable to the taste, and prompt, painless and effective in its action on the Liver, Stomach and Bowels has been successful, and that the bitter, nauseous medicines formerly used for the purpose, are rapidly becoming things of the past. Syrup of Figs is the new and pleasant remedy and 75 cents and $1.25 per bottle. Messrs. Langley & Co., Wholesale Druggists, have been appointed agents Victoria and B. C. 1

As a health renewer Burdock Blood Bitters acts like a charm. In Malaria, Bilious Complaints, Scrofula and all disorders of the Blood, Liver and Kidneys, this great combination of Vegetable Medicines proves a certain specific. A few doses regulate the bowels, and as a restorative Tonic it has no equal. Trial Bottles 10 Cents. 25

ACID Stomach, Headache, Heartburn, and Indigestion are quickly cured by using Perry Davis' Pain-Killer. Bathing the head freely in Pain-Killer will usually relieve the most severe attacks of Headache. 4

CANADIAN TARIFF.—Copies of the Canadian Tariff, with all the recent changes at *The Colonist* stationery store. Price 30 cents. *

All sensible people, suffering with rheumatism, use Pfunder's Oregon Blood Purifier. *

Mr James Fell for Ottawa.

The undersigned wishes it understood, distinctly and unequivocally, that he is a candidate FOR OTTAWA and NOT for the Local House.

JAMES FELL.

For the Commons.

TO THE ELECTORS OF VICTORIA DISTRICT.—GENTLEMEN,—I am a candidate for the representation of your district in the House of Commons.

dw C. BOOTH.

To the Electors of Victoria City Districts.

The undersigned offers himself as a candidate for your suffrages at the election for the local House.

G. A. MACTAVISH.

ESQUIMALT DISTRICT.

THE UNDERSIGNED BEG TO NOTIFY THE ELECTORS THAT THEY ARE CANDIDATES TO REPRESENT THE DISTRICT IN THE LOCAL HOUSE IN OPPOSITION TO THE PRESENT GOVERNMENT.

CHAS. E. POOLEY,
T. F. CHILDS.

TO THE ELECTORS OF VICTORIA DIST

GENTLEMEN:—I OFFER MYSELF AS A CANDIDATE AT THE ENSUING ELECTION TO REPRESENT YOU IN THE LOCAL LEGISLATURE.

tfdw A. S. FARWELL.

To the Electors of Victoria City.

GENTLEMEN,—I have the honor to present myself for your consideration and votes at the coming election.

Very respectfully yours,

* J. S. DRUMMOND.

PROVINCIAL ELECTION, 1882.

TO THE ELECTORS OF THE CITY OF VICTORIA:

GENTLEMEN,—I BEG TO INFORM YOU THAT I AM AGAIN A CANDIDATE FOR ELECTION AS ONE OF YOUR REPRESENTATIVES IN THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY, AND RESPECTFULLY SOLICIT YOUR SUPPORT AND VOTE AT THE COMING ELECTION.

ROBERT BEAVEN.

ESQUIMALT DISTRICT.

We are authorized to state that Mr. H. Helgesen and Mr. J. R. Hett will be candidates for Esquimalt Electoral District at the ensuing provincial election. *

TO THE ELECTORS OF VICTORIA CITY

Mr. James Fell will be a candidate to represent Victoria City in the Dominion House. *

TO THE ELECTORS OF VICTORIA CITY AND DISTRICT.

GENTLEMEN—I AM A CANDIDATE TO REPRESENT YOU AT THE FORTHCOMING ELECTION FOR THE DOMINION HOUSE OF COMMONS, AND SOLICIT YOUR VOTE AND SUPPORT.

JOHN BOYD.

TO THE ELECTORS OF VICTORIA DISTRICT.

Gentlemen,—I shall be a candidate for the Commons at the coming Dominion election.

N. SHAKESPEARE.

May 20th, 1882. *

TO THE ELECTORS OF VICTORIA CITY DISTRICT.

GENTLEMEN: I will be a candidate for the representation of Victoria city in the local house.

* J. W. WILLIAMS.

TO THE ELECTORS OF THE CITY OF VICTORIA DISTRICT.

GENTLEMEN:—I beg respectfully to apprize you of my intention to stand for the Dominion House of Commons at the approaching election.

* E. CROW BAKER.

FINE WHITE NEAPOLITAN SERGES.—For Lawn, Tennis, &c., Costumes.

* WM. WILSON & CO., City House.

NEW CREAM COLORED YOSEMITES; also Swiss Embroidery in same color.

* WM. WILSON & CO., City House.

AUCTION SALES.

J. P. DAVIES & CO. AUCTIONEERS.

Tuesday, July 18th, 1882.

We have received instructions from Messrs. WELCH, RITHET & CO. to hold by Public Auction, at salesrooms, Wharf street, Special Sale of a straight invoice of

NEW TEAS,

Just at hand, via San Francisco, ex SS SARDONYX.

JAPAN TEAS.

10 chests Japan Tea "Globe," ea 30 1-lb. papers
10 do do ea 60 do
5 do do ea 8 4½-lb bxs

CHINA TEA.

10 half-chests M. & Co. Eng. Bkfs. Congou, bulk, 60lb. ea.
10 do Lotus do 60lb. ea.
5 mats "MM" do 8 10-lb bxs.

STRAW WRAPPING PAPER.

10 bales ea. 10 reams Elephant Straw Paper, ea. 30-lb reams.

SOAPS.

10 boxes Paragon Soap ea. 60 1-lb bxs.
10 do Hanlan do do

SHERRY.

1 qr. csk "London Club" Sherry (super.)
1 do "Fine Dinner" do

SUNDRIES.

1 case Pat. Barley, 8 doz. tins
1 do Groats do
4 cases Eastern Dried Peaches, 50 lbs. ea.
5 doz. Washboards

VARNISHES.

By order of Messrs. FINDLAY, DURHAM & BRODIE, a small invoice, to close consignment, of Harland & Son's Medium Body, Railway, Pale Carriage, Black Japan, Pale Rubbing, Gold Size, Inside, Outside and Hard Oak Varnishes.

WAGON—1 Express Wagon,
HORSE—1 Farm Horse.

J. P DAVIES & CO.,
jy9 Auctioneers.

RAILWAYS.

OFFICE OF THE CONTRACTORS

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY

YALE, March 1st, 1881

NEW SCHEDULE OF WAGES FOR WHITE LABOR

— ON THE —

Canadian Pacific Railway

IN BRITISH CLOUMBIA.

Overseers	$125 ℔ month
Rock Foreman	$3 to $4 ℔ day
Earth Foremen	$2 25 to $3 "
Bridge Foremen	$3 "
Bridge Carpenters (1st class)	$3 "
do do (2d class)	$2 50 "
Masons	$2 50 to $3 "
Blacksmiths (1st class)	$3 "
do (2d class)	$2 50 "
do (helpers)	$1 50 to $2 "
Drillers	$1 75 to $2 "
Laborers	$1 50 to $1 75 "
1st Class Hewers	$3 50 "
1st Class Choppers	$2 50 "
1st Class Scorers	$2 50 "

All outside labor 10 hours per day.

All carpenters to furnish their own chest tools.

All employés find themselves bed, board nd lodging.

Boarding Houses will be convenient along the line.

Board $4 per week.

It will not be compulsory for employés to board in the Company's houses

Wages will be paid monthly on the 10th of each month.

A. ONDERDONK,
mh13 General Manager.

MEDICAL

DR. SPINNEY & CO'S DISPENSARY,

No. 11 KEARNEY STREET SAN FRANCISCO.

DR. SPINNEY, well known as the founder the Montreal (C. E.) Medical Institute, and late Proprietor of the SPINNEYVILLE INFIRMARY would most respectfully inform his patients and the afflicted generally, that he still continues to treat chronic and nervous diseases with unparalleled success.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN

Remember that procrastination is the thief

COME AND BE HEALED!

It matters not what you troubles may be come and let the Doctor examine your case. It will cost you nothing for consultation, so please call and satisfy yourselves whether the Doctor understands your case. If he can cure you he will tell you so; if not, he will tell you that, for he will not undertake a case unless he is confident of effecting a cure.

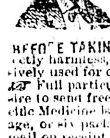
Parties at a distance wishing treatment, by sending $25 and a minute description of their troubles will receive in return a full course of treatment securely packed so as not to excite curiosity.

DR. SPINNEY will guarantee to forfeit Five Hundred Dollars for every case of any kind or character which he undertakes and fails to cure.

P. S.—For diseases of short standing a full course of medicines, sufficient for a cure, with all instructions, will be sent to any address on receipt of $10.00 Call or Address

DR. SPINNEY & CO.,
my24dw No. 11 Kearney St., San Francisco.

GRAY'S SPECIFIC MEDICINE.

TRADE MARK  The great English Remedy will promptly and radically cure any and every case of Nervous Debility and Weakness, result of Indiscretion, excess or overwork of the brain and nervous  TRADE MARK

BEFORE TAKING system; it is perfectly harmless, acts like magic, and has been extensively used for over thirty years with great success AFTER TAKING. ☞ Full particulars in our pamphlet, which we desire to send free by mail to everyone. ☞ The Specific Medicine is sold by all druggists at $1 per package, or six packages for $5, or will be sent free by mail on receipt of the money, by addressing THE GRAY MEDICINE CO., Toronto, Ont. ☞ Sold by all Druggists in Canada and the United States. de28

THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY.



Is a never failing Cure for Nervous Debility, Exhausted Vitality, Weakness of any kind, Paralysis, and all the terrible effects of youthful follies and excesses in maturer years. Those who cannot visit DR. MINTIE in San Francisco should send full and minute statement of their troubles with $25, and in return a full course of treatment will be forwarded securel packed so as not to excite curiosity.

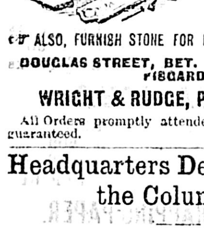
DR. MINTIE will agree to forfeit FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS for a case of this kind the VITAL RESTORATIVE (under his special advice and treatment) will not cure, or for anything impure or injurious found in it. DR. MINTIE treats all Diseases successfully without mercury. CONSULTATION FREE. Thorough examination and advice $5 00. Price of VITAL RESTORATIVE, $3 00 a bottle, or four times the quantity, $10; sent to any address upon receipt of price, or C.O.D., secure from observation, and in private name if desired, by A. E. MINTIE, M. D., 11 KEARNEY STREET, SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

SAMPLE BOTTLE FREE sent on application by letter stating symptoms, sex and age. Communications strictly confidential.

ja24dw1vtf

M. WRIGHT. C. RUDGE.

VICTORIA MARBLE WORKS



MONUMENTS TABLETS TOMBS, MANTEL FURNITURE WORK, Etc., Etc., E

☞ ALSO, FURNISH STONE FOR BUILDING PURPOSES. ☜

DOUGLAS STREET, BET. CORMORANT AND FISGARD.

WRIGHT & RUDGE, PROPRIETORS.

All Orders promptly attended to and satisfactio guaranteed. no3dw3m

Headquarters Department of the Columbia.

VANCOUVER BARRACKS, W. T.,
June 14th, 1882.

WRITTEN PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED by the undersigned at Vancouver Barracks, W. T.,

UNTIL AUGUST 1ST, 1882,

FOR THE RIGHT OF EXCLUSIVE FISHING ON THE POINT ROBERTS MILITARY RESERVATION.

(Extremity of Peninsula between Georgia and Boundary Bays, Puget Sound) during the next Fishing Season.

The right to reject any or all bids, as may be deemed best, is reserved by the undersigned.

O. D. GREENE,
Major and Assistant Adjutant General,
je21dw Brevet Brigadier General, U. S. A.

SUMMERSET HOUSE.

MRS. CHARLEY IS NOW PREPARED TO RECEIVE Boarders for the Summer at her new residence, Somenos. A beautiful Lake is near the House, and Sulphur Springs equal to any in California would be free to visitors.

TERMS MODERATE. Apply for particulars to
je16dw MRS. CHARLEY, Somenos.

A REWARD.

LOUIS LATOUR

WISHES TO KNOW THE WHEREABOUTS OF his brother EDMUND LATOUR. Any person who will be so kind as to give me any information will be highly rewarded.

Address: LOUIS LATOUR,
jy7dw1m Amhurst, Va., U.S.A.

MISCELLANEOUS.

ALBION HOUSE.

HOLIDAY WEEK

— AND —

SPECIAL PRICES.

WITH FIFTEEN CASES TO HAND PER DAKOTA OF

NEW AND PRETTY SUMMER GOODS,

And we have marked all at LOW PRICES to have a Speedy Clearance.

We defy competition in these goods to hand, as they have been personally selected by Mr. GRAY in the English Markets, as prices will show when customers see them.

They comprise the very latest novelties in Real Spanish Lace Mantels, Chenille Dolmans, Chenille Capes at all prices, Silk and Fancy Cloth Capes & Fichus, Handsome Black and Colored Satin Skirts, Spanish Laces in Creme and Black from 12½c; Eldeweiss' Laces, Madena Laces, Fan Laces, Old Venice, Honiton Laces, Maltese and all the newest Laces in great variety, together with an immense lot of Fancy Goods, Scarfs, Ribbons, etc., etc., for this Holiday Week.

We have some desperate cheap lines in Dress Goods with Trimmings to match some very cheap lines in Velveteens at 50c, 62½c, 87½c, and $1, cannot be repeated when sold out; Prints in endless variety from 10c up; the new Marcissors, Marguerite, Queen Victoria and Adelaide Linen Collars, all at 25c, with 37½c and 50c pure linen; Frillings, special, at 12½c; the new shaded Veil Nets in all colors, all marked 37½c; watered and lace new Fancy Ribbons at low prices; a big lot Cloth Jackets to hand, which we are determined to sell out cheap, all laid out in our showroom; girls' Straw Hats, any quantity, at 25c, suitable for the present time; 1 yard wide Spanish Lace in blue, black and cardinal at 62½c; Tea Covers at $1 50 and $1 62½ with $2 50; a large assortment Floral Toilet Covers with sets to match at $1 75, and linen crewel Tidies at 50c. Our Underclothing department, which has never been more extensive and never cheaper, with the following special lines: Chemises at and from 75c, real good; Drawers at 50c; Night Dresses $1; White Skirts fine 87½c, Corsets at 75c and $1, wonderful. In House Furnishings we have some real special lines in Tablecovers from 50c and $1; Sheetings from 30c, 2 yards wide at 45c; White Calicoes at 9c up; linen Crumb Cloths in all sizes; 2 yards wide colored Tablecloth in crimson and black at 87½c per yard; white Tablecloths 2 yards long at $1.

This is really a grand opportunity of purchasing the above and other goods at extraordinary low prices at

je28 A. B. GRAY & CO.'S, Government St.

PROCLAMATION

ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF VICTORIA DISTRICT.

TO WIT:

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO THE Electors of the Electoral District aforesaid that in obedience to Her Majesty's Writ to me directed, and bearing date the 18th day of May, 1882, I require the presence of the said electors in front of the Police Barracks, Bastion Street, in the City of Victoria, on MONDAY, the 3d day of the month of JULY, 1882, from noon until Two of the clock in the afternoon, for the purpose of Nominating two persons to represent them in the House of Commons of Canada, and that in case a Poll be demanded and allowed in manner by law prescribed, such poll will be opened on FRIDAY, the 21st day of the month of JULY, in the year 1882, from the hour of NINE in the morning till FIVE of the clock in the afternoon in each of the Polling Districts, namely:

For that portion of Victoria District known as Victoria City is hereby alphabetically divided as the law directs for Polling Stations, namely:—

No. 1.—Old County Court Room, Bastion St., A to C.

No. 2.—Old Council Chambers, Government St. D to H.

No. 3.—Hook and Ladder House, Government I to L.

No. 4.—Central Hall, View St., M. to O.

No. 5.—Deluge Engine House, Yates St., P to S.

No. 6.—Tiger, Old Engine House, Johnson St., T to Z.

No. 7.—Also, that portion of Victoria District known as Victoria District, at the Richmond, A to Z.

No. 8.—Also, that portion of Victoria District known as Esquimalt and Metchosin Districts, at Parsons Bridge, A to Z.

And further that on FRIDAY the 21st day of JULY 1882, at 6 o'clock p.m. I shall open the Ballot Boxes, sum up the votes given for the several candidates, and return as elected the two having the majority of votes.

Of which all persons are hereby required to take notice and govern themselves accordingly.

GIVEN under my hand this 13th day of June, in the year 1882.

THOS. HARRIS,
je14 Returning Officer.

NOTICE.

THE NAMES AND ADDRESSES OF AGENTS appointed by the undermentioned candidates at the Election now about to be held for members to represent the Electoral District of Victoria District in the House of Commons of Canada, are as follows:

Name of Candidate	Edgar Crow Baker
Name of Agent	William Monteith
Address of Agent	Store street, Victoria.
Name of Candidate	Amor DeCosmos
Name of Agent	Thornton Fell
Address of Agent	Government street, Victoria.
Name of Candidate	James Fell
Name of Agent	Samuel Perry Mills
Address of Agent	Government street, Victoria.
Name of Candidate	Noah Shakespeare
Name of Agent	Henry Schutt
Address of Agent	Yates street, Victoria.
Name of Candidate	Cornelius Booth
Name of Agent	Edward Tynan
Address of Agent	Box 90, Postoffice, Victoria.
Name of Candidate	John Boyd
Name of Agent	James Russell
Address of Agent	Pandora street, Victoria

Dated this 3rd day of July, 1882

THOS. HARRIS,
jy5 Returning Officer.

NOTICE.

I HEREBY GIVE NOTICE THAT THE 91ST clause of the Dominion Electoral Act of 1874, of which the following is a true copy, will be strictly enforced on election day:

CLAUSE 91—No spirituous or fermented liquors or strong drinks shall be sold or given at any hotel, tavern or shop, or any other places within the limits of any polling district, during the whole of the polling day at any election for the House of Commons, under a penalty of $100 for every offence, and the offender shall be subject to imprisonment not exceeding six months, at the discretion of the Judge or Court, in default of payment of such fine.

All persons are warned that FRIDAY, the 21st day of July, 1882, instant, will be polling day for the Election for the House of Commons for the electoral district of Victoria district.

THOS. HARRIS,
Returning Officer.
Victoria, B.C., July 3, 1882. jy4

NOTICE.

ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF VICTORIA DISTRICT.

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO THE Electors of the Electoral District aforesaid that a Poll has been demanded at the Election now pending for the same, and that I have granted such Poll, and further that the persons duly nominated as candidates at the said election, and for whom only votes will be received, were:

CORNELIUS BOOTH,
NOAH SHAKESPEARE,
JOHN BOYD,
E. C. BAKER,
AMOR DECOSMOS,
JAMES FELL.

And that the said Poll will take place on the 21st day of July, 1882, in accordance with Proclamation.

Of which all persons are hereby required to take notice and govern themselves accordingly.

GIVEN under my hand at Victoria, this 3rd day of July, in the year 1882.

THOS. HARRIS,
jy4 Returning Officer.

NOTICE.

I HERELY GIVE NOTICE THAT I WILL MAKE application at the next sitting of the Licensing Magistrates for a transfer of the license of the Snug Tavern, now in the name of Mr. Fraser to the undersigned.

je30 JOHN CLEMENTS.

WELLINGTON COAL.

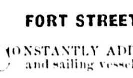
W. T. DRAKE,

COAL AND COMMISSION MERCHANT,

OFFICE—FOOT OF YATES STREET.

. B.—Free and Bonded Storage. cc

FURNITURE.



JNO. WEILER

FELL'S BLOCK,

FORT STREET, VICTORIA, B. C.

CONSTANTLY ADDS WITH EVERY STEAMER and sailing vessel to his already large stock

FURNITURE

Crockery, Glassware

LAMPS, OILCLOTH, CARPETS, WALLPAPER,

— AND —

UPHOLSTERY GOODS

In general, and also recommends himself to the general public for UPHOLSTERY WORK, as

SEWING & LAYING OF CARPETS

FIXING AND MAKING OF

PARLOR SETS, LOUNCES, MATTRESSES

HANGING & MAKING OF CURTAINS & BLINDS

Hanging of Wallpaper, and all other work belonging to Upholstery, which is done by

Thoroughly Competent Persons,

AND AT

RATES TO SUIT THE PRESENT TIMES

As the articles comprising my Stock are too numerous to mention, please call and see and examine before buying elsewhere.

☞ LIBERAL ALLOWANCES made to the Trade and for IMMEDIATE CASH PAYMENTS.

jy16 JOHN WEILER.

HOME-MADE FURNITURE

SOLD CHEAPER THAN IMPORTED FURNITURE

INTENDING PURCHASERS ARE CORDIALLY invited to call and convince themselves of the fac

J. SEHL

Is now prepared with STEAM POWER and the late improved Machinery to manufacture every class of Furniture at such

EXTREMELY LOW PRICES

As will defy competition from imported goods.

Full Bedroom Sets from $30 up; Extension Dining Tables from $12 up; Chairs from 75cts. up.

Satisfactory workmanship guaranteed.

Wood turning, scroll & band sawing done to order

ALSO—Received ex recent arrivals a large and well selected stock of Tapestry and Brussels

CARPET, FLOOR OILCLOTH LINOLEUM, ETC.,

Which will be sold at the lowest prices for Cash.

Window blinds, curtains, cornices and poles, picture frames, moulding, perambulators, velocipedes &c. Also, an assortment of marbleized iron mantle pieces and grates complete at very low prices.

je26 J. SEHL Government street.

NOT INELLIGIBLE.

CARD FROM MR. C. A. McTAVISH.

TO THE EDITOR:—A REPORT HAVING BEEN circulated through Victoria District that I am not eligible as a member of the House of Assembly on account of being a foreigner, I hereby give the same a denial.

I am a British subject, and if returned to represent the District, will endeavor to discharge my duty towards every portion of it.

G. A. McTAVISH.

Victoria District, June 24, 1882. je25dw

NAAS RIVER

OOLACHANS,

IN KITS AND HALF-BARRELS.
For sale by
je18 FINDLAY, DURHAM & BRODIE.

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN

THAT AT THE NEXT SESSION OF THE PROVINCIAL Legislature the undersigned and his associates intend to apply for an Act of Incorporation as

THE CANADIAN PACIFIC MINING COMPANY,

To grant them all usual and necessary powers to carry on mining and smelting operations of all kinds, as also to construct roads and docks and to transport freight and passengers by land or water within the boundaries of this province.

je28 1m J. FRASER TORRANCE.

NAAS RIVER

OOLACHANS

SALTED AND SMOKED.

IN SMALL PACKAGES, SUITABLE FOR FAMILY trade. For sale by
HENRY SAUNDERS,
jel Johnson street.

MR. J. FRASER TORRANCE,

MINING ENGINEER,

IS PREPARED TO EXAMINE AND REPORT upon mining properties for their present owners; or else to bond and report upon gold, silver, copper, iron or coal mines for Canadian capitalists.

He may be addressed by letter at Bank of British Columbia, Victoria. je27 1m

NOTICE.

FROM AND AFTER THIS DATE I WILL ONLY accept COIN FOR RENT, as well as for other Payments to be made to me.

*30 LD. LOWENBERG

MISCELLANEOUS.

CANADIAN GOODS.

NEW IMPORTATIONS OF

LATEST STYLES

LARGE INVOICES OF CANADIAN

CLOTHING, ETC.,

COMPRISING:

BOOTS AND SHOES

BOYS' AND MEN'S

SUITS OF ALL KINDS,

DRESS GOODS,

TRIMMINGS

And a general assortment of

MINERS' TOOLS

FARMING

IMPLEMENTS

HARDWARE,

GROCERIES,

PROVISIONS,

ETC., ETC

Goods forwarded to any part of the Upper Country.

Orders by Mail or Express promptly filled.

REID & HUDSON

QUESNELLEMOUTH, B. C.

my27dw3m

GARESCHE, GREEN & CO.

BANKERS

GOVERNMENT STREET, VICTORIA B. C

DEPOSITS RECEIVED IN GOLD SILVER AND U. S. Currency. Interest paid on the same on time deposits.

COLD DUST AND U. S. CURRENCY

PURCHASED AT HIGHEST MARKET RATES.

SIGHT DRAFTS AND TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS ON SAN FRANCISCO, NEW YORK AND CANADA.

EXCHANGE ON LONDON

Available in all parts of Europe, England, Ireland and Scotland.

LETTERS OF CREDIT issued on the Principal C of the United States, Canada and Europe.

AGENTS FOR WELLS, FARCO & CO

ly9 ly

7000 ACRES

— OF —

DYKED LANDS FOR SALE!

LAND ON MATSQUI PRAIRIE

IN LOTS TO SUIT,

AT REASONABLE PRICES.

LIBERAL TERMS OF PAYMENT GIVEN TO BONA FIDE SETTLERS.

☞ These Lands are of excellent quality, and a large portion of them is ready for the Plough.

Apply to WOODS & TURNER,
New Westminster.

E. M. JOHNSON, Victoria, where Maps may be seen.

ap5dw Or C. B. SWORD, Riverside.

CARIBOO ELECTORAL DISTRICT.

TO THE ELECTORS OF CARIBOO DISTRICT—I respectfully solicit your suffrages as a candidate to represent you in the Provincial Legislature.

je29dw CHAS. WILSON.

LONDON MARKET,

ESTABLISHED 1861,

CORNER YATES AND DOUGLAS STREETS.

THE PUBLIC ARE INFORMED THAT THIS old established Market will be re-opened by the undersigned

ON OR ABOUT THE 15TH JULY NEXT,

If not previously rented. The public may rely upon prompt attention and being constantly supplied with the

Very Best Meats at the Lowest Rates.

F. REYNOLDS.

Victoria, June 14, 1882. je15

$25 REWARD.

THE SPORTSMAN'S CLUB OF VICTORIA offer a

REWARD OF $25

FOR THE CONVICTION OF ANY PERSON PERSONS WHO MAY

Violate the Game Laws of British Columbia.

By order of the Executive Committee.

W. JACKSON,
Hon. Secty.

my26dwtau10

LD. LOWENBERG

REAL ESTATE AGENT

GOVERNMENT ST. NEAR CORNER OF BROUGHTON

WILL PAY PARTICULAR ATTENTION T selling, purchasing and leasing property; negotiating loans and transacting everything connected with Real Estate business.

Maps of all the different Districts on the Island to be seen at this office. Parties desirous of purchasing homesteads, or making investments, will find on Bulletin Board Town Lots on nearly every street Farming or Gardening Land in every District, some which affords rare chance for investment.

Money on bond and mortgage and in sums to be demands.

Conveyances of every description done at reasonable rates. 4*1

NOTICES.

NOTICE

IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT I INTEND TO MAKE application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 160 acres of land situate about 80 chains south of Grapplercreek, Barclay District, British Columbia described as follows:—

Commencing at a stake situate on the southeast corner of W. H. Dorman's claim; thence running easterly 40 chains; thence northerly 40 chains; thence westerly 40 chains; thence southerly to the point of commencement.

H. S. ROEBUCK.

Victoria, B.C., June 9th, 1882. je10

NOTICE

IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT I INTEND TO MAKE application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 160 acres of land situate about 40 chains south of Grappler creek, Barclay District, British Columbia, described as follows:—

Commencing at a stake situate on the southeast corner of C. Loat's claim; thence running southerly 40 chains; thence westerly 40 chains; thence northerly 40 chains; thence easterly to the point of commencement. E. V. BODWELL.

Victoria, B.C., June 9, 1882. je11

NOTICE

IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT I INTEND TO MAKE application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 160 acres of land situate Southeast of Grappler creek, Barclay district, British Columbia, described as follows:

Commencing at a stake situated at the Northeast corner of E. V. Bodwell's claim, near Grappler creek, Barclay District; thence running Easterly 40 chains; thence Northerly 40 chains; thence Westerly 40 chains; thence Southerly 40 chains, or thereabouts, to the point of commencement. C. LOAT.

Victoria, B.C., June 26th, 1882. je27

NOTICE

IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT I INTEND TO MAKE application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 160 acres of land situate near Bamfield Creek, Barclay District, British Columbia, described as follows:

Commencing at a stake situate on the northeast corner of W. McNiffe's claim; thence running Easterly 40 chains; thence Southerly 40 chains; thence Westerly 40 chains; thence Northerly to the point of commencement. H. G. HALL.

Victoria, B.C., June 26th, 1882. je27

NOTICE

IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT I INTEND TO MAKE application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 160 acres of land situate Northeast of Grappler creek, Barclay District, British Columbia, described as follows:

Commencing at a stake situate at the Northeast corner of H. B. W. Aikman's claim; thence running Easterly 40 chains; thence Southerly 40 chains; thence Westerly 40 chains; thence Northerly to the point of commencement.

R. FINLAYSON.

Victoria, June 28th, 1882. je29

NOTICE

IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT I INTEND TO MAKE application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 640 acres of land situate Southeast of Grappler creek, Barclay District, Britiso Columbia, described as follows:

Commencing at a stake situate at the Northeast corner of E. V. Bodwell's claim, near Grapplercreek, Barclay District; thence running Easterly 40 chains; thence Southerly 120 chains, or thereabouts; thence Westerly 80 chains, or thereabouts; thence Northerly 40 chains; thence Easterly 40 chains; thence Northerly 80 chains, or thereabouts, to the point of commencement. JAMES DUNSMUIR.

Victoria, B.C., June 26th, 1882. je27

NOTICE.

I HEREBY GIVE NOTICE THAT I INTEND TO make application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 160 acres of land, situate near Bamfield Creek, Barclay District, British Columbia, described as follows:—

Commencing at a stake situate on the southeast corner of A. A. Green's claim; thence running easterly 40 chains; thence southerly 40 chains; thence westerly 40 chains; thence northerly to the point of commencement. I. OPPENHEIMER.

Victoria, B. C., June 14th, 1882. je16

NOTICE.

I HEREBY GIVE NOTICE THAT I INTEND TO make application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 160 acres of Land situate near Bamfield Creek, Barclay District, British Columbia, described as follows:—

Commencing at a stake situate on the southeast corner of W. Sterling's claim; thence running easterly 40 chains; thence southerly 40 chains; thence westerly 40 chains; thence northerly to the point of commencement. D. OPPENHEIMER.

Victoria, B.C., June 14th, 1882. je16

TO THE ELECTORS OF VICTORIA CITY.

GENTLEMEN:—IN OFFERING MYSELF AS A candidate for your suffrages at the ensuing election for the local house I must state that I can subscribe to few of the acts of the Walkem-Beaven administration. Their policy has been fraught with disaster to the province and would soon have led it to destruction.

Elected upon the solemn assurance that they would use every effort available to stop the influx of Chinese, they violated their pledge by contenting themselves with passing a hasty and illconsidered restrictive act which only required to be seen in a court of law to be upset; and, to mark their insincerity in the matter, when the Chinamen brought the government into court to defend the act no endeavour was made to support it. Since then no attempt whatever has been made by the government to check the growing evil and not so much as a representation on the subject has been made at Ottawa, notwithstanding that a friendly government has been in power ready to promptly further the wishes of the Province in this respect. I consider that under the "British North America Act, 1867," which concedes to the Province the exclusive right to deal with property, civil rights, direct taxation, and matters of local import, the local legislature has power to legislate upon this all-important t pic and if elected I shall advocate a well-digested measure aimed at the repression of Chinese immigration; and shall at the same time move to bring the subject prominently before the Dominion government so that concurrent action may be taken by the two governments.

The local government have seriously jeopardised the island railway. By concluding their negotiations with the Imperial and Dominion governments concerning the drydock without ascertaining the cost of the work it now appears that they have involved the Province in an indefinite liability ranging from $250,000 to $500,000 (perhaps more) regarding an enterprise which it was proudly boasted would not cost the Province one dollar. By their system of false economy in refusing to augment the civil staff and to render the gaols in remote districts secure they have caused the loss o some valuable lives—notably, Ussher and Kelly a Kamloops and Jenkinson at Cassiar—to say nothing of the squandering of thousands of dollars in abortive trials of the culprits and fruitless assizes. Oppressive tax sales have been proceeded with notwithstanding the assurance of the Minister of Justice that the attempt to collect penalties and usurious rates of interest was illegal. The name and credit of the Province have been disgraced by the action of the government in dishonoring their own vouchers and by the almost universal bad faith exhibited towards those with whom they have had monetary dealings.

Such patronage as the government has at command should be evenly distributed, in place of which nearly the whole of the government work has been given to a favored few. Assizes have been held to suit the political exigencies of ministers, hence prisoners have been kept awaiting trial sometimes six, sometimes twelve months, and life has been rendered insecure by making coroner's inquests, in cases of death which are unaccounted for, the exception instead of the rule.

If elected I shall use my best endeavors to promote assisted immigration and to disseminate information regarding the province in the shape of maps, hand books and so forth. I shall to the best of my ability independently support any government when acting in the interests of this country and will oppose them when doing otherwise.

THEODORE DAVIE.

BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS

WILL CURE OR RELIEVE

BILIOUSNESS, DIZZINESS,
DYSPEPSIA, DROPSY,
INDIGESTION, FLUTTERING OF THE HEART,
JAUNDICE, ACIDITY OF THE STOMACH,
ERYSIPELAS, DRYNESS OF THE SKIN,
SALT RHEUM,
HEARTBURN,
HEADACHE,

And every species of disease arising from disordered LIVER, KIDNEYS, STOMACH BOWELS OR BLOOD,

T. MILBURN & CO., Proprietors, TORONTO.

HOPKINS' ACADEMY,

(Oakland, Cal.)

REV. H. E. JEWETT, PRINCIPAL.

THIS INSTITUTION, HERETOFORE KNOWN as Golden Gate Academy, will open Tuesday A. M., July 18th, 1882. The Building and Grounds are undergoing extensive improvements.

Classical, Literary and English Courses, Telegraphy taught. Boys and young men received. Send for Prospectus to H. E. Jewett, Principal. jy5

NOTICES.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT I INTEND to make application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 160 acres of land situate at Bamfield Creek, Barclay District, described as follows:—

Commencing at a stake situate at the Southeast corner of E. C. Baker's claim thence running Easterly 40 chains; thence Northerly 40 chains; thence Westerly 40 chains; thence Southerly to the point of commencement.

M. W. WAITT.

Victoria, 1st May, 1882. my2

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT I INTEND to make application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 160 acres of land situate at Bamfield Creek, Barclay District, described as follows:—

Commencing at a stake situated on Southwest corner of W. Pollard's claim; thence running Southerly 40 chains; thence Easterly 40 chains; thence Northerly 40 chains; thence Westerly to the point of commencement. WM. STIRLING.

Victoria, B.C., 29th April, 1882. my2

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT I INTEND to make application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 160 acres of land situate at Bamfield Creek, Barclay District, described as follows:—

Commencing at a stake situate on the Southeast corner of W. Owen's lot; thence running Easterly 40 chains; thence Northerly 40 chains; thence Westerly 40 chains; thence Southerly to the point of commencement. G. JAY.

Victoria, B.C., May 6th, 1882. my7

WAVERLY HYDRAULIC MINING COMPANY, LIMITED

Location of Works, Grouse Creek, Cariboo.

ASSESSMENT No. 25.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT AT A meeting of the Trustees of said Company held on the 5th day of June, 1882, an assessment of 75 Cents per share was levied upon the capital stock of said company, payable forthwith to Charles Wilson, Secretary, at the Company's office, Barkerville, B. C. Any stock upon which said assessment shall remain unpaid on 6th day of July, 1882, shall be deemed delinquent, and will be duly advertised for sale at Public Auction and, unless payment be made before, will be sold on the 9th day of August, 1882, to pay the delinquent assessment together with costs of advertising and expenses of the sale. CHARLES WILSON, Secretary.

Barkerville, B. C., June 10th, 1882. je20dw

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT I INTEND to make application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase One Hundred and Sixty Acres of Land situate on Valden Island, Victoria District, described as follows:

Commencing at a stake situated on the North end of Gowland Harbor, thence running 40 chains westerly; thence 40 chains southerly; thence 40 chains easterly to coast line; thence along the line of harbor to point of commencement.

je3 W. R. CLARKE.

NOTICE

IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT I INTEND TO MAKE application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 160 acres of land situate about 40 chains East of Grappler creek, Barclay District, British Columbia, described as follows:—

Commencing at a stake situate at the southeast corner of C. T. Dupont's claim; thence running Northerly 40 chains; thence Easterly 40 chains; thence Southerly 40 chains; thence Westerly to the point of commencement. E. G. PRIOR.

Victoria, B.C., June 27th, 1882. je28

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT I INTEND to make application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase One Hundred and Sixty Acres of Land situate on Valden Island, Victoria District, described as follows:

Commencing at a stake situate on the south end of Drew Harbor; thence running westerly 40 chains; thence northerly 40 chains; thence westerly to harbor line; thence to point of commencement.

je3 THOMAS EARLE.

NOTICE

IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT I INTEND TO MAKE application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 160 acres of land situate about 40 chains south of Grappler creek, Barclay District, British Columbia, described as follows:—

Commencing at a stake situate on the southeast corner of H. Davies' claim; thence running southerly 40 chains; thence westerly 40 chains; thence northerly 40 chains; thence easterly to the point of commencement. COOTE M. CHAMBERS.

Victoria, B.C., June 9th, 1882. je11

NOTICE

IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT I INTEND TO MAKE application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 160 acres of land situate near the head of Grappler creek, Barclay District, British Columbia, described as follows:

Commencing at a stake situate on the northeast corner of Henry Davies' claim; thence running easterly 40 chains; thence southerly 40 chains; thence westerly 40 chains; thence northerly to the point of commencement.

C. LOAT.

Victoria, B.C., June 9th, 1882. je11

NOTICE

IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT I INTEND TO MAKE application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 160 acres of land situate near the head of Grappler creek, Barclay District, British Columbia, described as follows:

Commencing at a stake situate on the southeast corner of H. B. W. Aikman's claim; thence running southerly 40 chains; thence westerly 40 chains; thence northerly 40 chains; thence easterly to the point of commencement.

C. T. DUPONT.

Victoria, B.C., June 9th, 1882. je11

NOTICE

IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT I INTEND TO MAKE application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 160 acres of land situate near the head of Grappler creek, Barclay District, British Columbia, described as follows:

Commencing at a stake situate on the southeast corner of George Jay's claim; thence running southerly 40 chains; thence westerly 40 chains; thence northerly 40 chains; thence easterly to the point of commencement. HENRY DAVIES

Victoria, B.C., June 9th, 1882. je11

NOTICE

IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT I INTEND TO MAKE application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 160 acres of land situate near the head of Grappler creek, Barclay District, British Columbia, described as follows:

Commencing at a stake situate on the northeast corner of Geo. Jay's claim; thence running easterly 40 chains; thence southerly 40 chains; thence westerly 40 chains; thence northerly to the point of commencement. W. J. MACDONALD.

Victoria, B.C., June 9th, 1882. je11

NOTICE

IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT I INTEND TO MAKE application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 160 acres of land situate about 80 chains south of Grappler Creek, Barclay District, British Columbia, described as follows:—

Commencing at a stake situate on the southeast corner of W. S. Chambers' claim; thence running easterly 40 chains; thence southerly 40 chains; thence westerly 40 chains; thence northerly to point of commencement.

W. H. DORMAN.

Victoria, B.C., June 9th, 1882. je10

NOTICE

IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT I INTEND TO MAKE application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 160 acres of land situate about 80 chains south of Grappler creek, Barclay District, British Columbia, described as follows:—

Commencing at a stake situate on the southeast corner of W. S. Chambers' claim; thence running southerly 40 chains; thence westerly 40 chains; thence northerly 40 chains; thence easterly to the point of commencement. RICHARD ROBERTS.

Victoria, B.C., June 9th, 1882. je10

NATIONAL PILLS

SUGAR COATED. PURELY VEGETABLE

Highly recommended for Biliousness, Head-Ache, Constipation, Indigestion, Dizziness, Heartburn, Bad Breath, Loss of Appetite, Jaundice, Loss of Memory, Sour Stomach, Liver Complaint, or any illness arising from the Stomach, Bowels or Kidneys. They are safe, mild and thorough in their action. From 1 to 3 pills a dose.

PRICE 25c. PER BOX.

LILLOOET FLOUR MILL.

TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED BY THE UNdersigned for the

RENTAL OF THE LILLOOET FLOUR MILL FOR THREE YEARS.

To a qualified miller no better chance of making a home can be found in the Province and a certainty of good remuneration.

Tenders will be received until August 16th.

F. W. FOSTER, Clinton,
jy4dw Agent for L. F. M. Co.

DENTISTRY.

DENTISTRY.

BEING MY INTENTION TO REMAIN FOR A few weeks longer, I have R... the Prices as undermentioned:

Vulcanite Plates Lined with Gold Upper L er, for $35. Teeth built up with Pure Gold to their natural contour; Artificial Crowns adjusted to roo in the best manner; and will do the best work at th most reasonable prices. All work guaranteed.

Teeth Extracted by Local Anaestesia for $1. large selection of Artificial Teeth on hand.

S. M. HARTMAN, Dentist.

OFFICE:—Yates St., below Government. fe15dw

I am the only Graduate Practising Dentistry in this City.

J. CALDER, D. D. S.,

GRADUATE AND FELLOW OF THE BOSTON DENTAL COLLEGE,

OFFICE—SPENCER'S PHOTOGRAPHIC GALLERY
Right hand side.
ap11 FORT STREET, - - VICTORIA.

R. B. THOMPSON, DENTIST,

OFFICE:—Upstairs in old Masonic Building,

GOVERNMENT STREET.

INSURANCE.

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE CO.

1 OLD BROAD ST., AND 16 PALL MALL

LONDON,

INSTITUTED, - - - - 1808.

FOR INSURING HOUSES AND OTHER BUILDINGS, Goods, Wards, Merchandise, Manufacturing and Farming Stock, Ships in port, Harbor or Dock and the Cargoes of such ships; also, Ships building or repairing, Barges or other Vessels, on navigable rivers and canals, and Goods on board such vessels through out Great Britain and Ireland, and in FOREIGN COUNTRIES, from loss or damage by fire.

SUBSCRIBED AND INVESTED CAPITAL—ONE MILLION HUNDRED THOUSAND POUNDS.

Risks Accepted at Current Rates Premium.

WELCH, RITHET & CO.,

Agents for British Columbia and Washington Territo
my10

NOTICE

TO POLICY HOLDERS IN THE SUN MUTUAL LIFE COMPANY.

FOR THE ACCOMMODATION OF POLICY Holders in British Columbia, the Company have established Agencies where premiums may be paid and information regarding terms may be obtained as follow:—

JAMES ABRAMS, M. P. P., Nanaimo.
R. W. DEANE & CO., New Westminster
WILLIAM TEAGUE, Yale.
R. H. ALEXANDER, Granville.

TURNER, BEETON & CO. VICTORIA.

au24dw1y MARK COHEN, General Agent,

GRIMAULT AND CO

PHARMACEUTICAL CHEMISTS,

PARIS: 8, RUE VIVIENNE, 8, PA

DISEASES OF THE CHEST CURED.

GRIMAULT & CO.'S SYRUP OF HYPOPHOSPHITE OF LIME.

We invite all who are ailing from DISEASES OF THE CHEST to resort to Grimault & Co.'s SYRUP OF HYPOPHOSPHITE OF LIME as the ONLY ONE YIELDING UNFAILING RESULTS in the treatment of PHTHISIS, PULMONALIS ASTHMAS, BRONCHITIS and various kinds of COUGHS. GRIMAULT'S SYRUP of Hypophosphite of Lime is of a ROSE COLOUR, is delivered in FLAT OVAL BOTTLES and NEVER IN QUADRANGULAR BOTTLES. Call expressly for said bottle, bearing the SIGNATURE GRIMAULT & CO

DR. LEAS'

SOLUBLE PHOSPHATE OF IRON.

Clear as spring water and tasteless; has the advantage over all ferruginous preparations of containing Iron and Phosphorus, which are the elements o blood. It cures *chlorosis, pains in the stomach, difficult digestion, dismenorrhoea, anæmia, general debility and poorness of the blood*, and agrees especiall with the most delicate stomachs

WOMEN'S AND CHILDREN'S DISEASES.

No more Cod-Liver Oil.

Grimault's Syrup of Iodized Horse-Raddish.

This medicine has been administered with the ut most success in the Hospitals of Paris. It is a perfect substitute for COD LIVER OIL and has been found most beneficial in DISEASES OF THE CHEST, SCROFULA LYMPHATIC DISORDERS, GREEN SICKNESS, MUSCULAR ATONY and LOSS OF APPETITE. It regenerates the constitution in purifying the blood, it being the most powerful depurgative known. It has also been applied with happy results in DISEASES OF THE SKIN. Further, it will be found to be of great benefit to young children subject to HUMORS and OBSTRUCTION OF THE GLANDS.

GRIMAULT & CO.'S MATICO, CAPSULES AND LIQUID.

Where all other medicines have failed these preparations will always effect a cure. They insure rapid and extraordinary cure of severe, recent an chronic cases of private disease. They are used in the Hospitals of Paris by the most celebrated physician and are found greatly superior to all hitherto know mineral remedies, Copabia and Cubebs. The injectie is used in recent, and the capsules in the more chro cases.

DUSART'S SYRUP OF LACTO-PHOSPHATE LIME.

TONIC, RECONSTITUENT and DIGESTIVE, of prime or der, particularly suitable to FEEBLE SUBJECTS, CONVALESCENTS, OLD PEOPLE and RICKERTY CHILDREN, w find in them CALCAREOUS ELEMENTS enter into the CONSTITUTION OF THE BONES. Well adap to LADIES IN THE FAMILY WAY, and WET NUR (whose milk it enriches).

ASTHMA! ASTHMA!!

GRIMAULT & CO.'S INDIAN CIGARETTES

ASTHMA, NERVOUS COUGHS, CHRONIC LARYNGITI HOARSENESS, LOSS OF VOICE, FACIAL NEURALGIA, an INSOMNIA are rapidly relieved by using these Cigarettes.

SICK HEADACHE! NEURALGIA!

GRIMAULT & CO.'S GUARANA

single powder of this vegetable production is sufficient to cure instantly the MOST VIOLENT SICK HEADACHE. It is the most valuable remedy against DIARRHOEA, DYSENTERY, and all disorders proceeding from derangement of the Stomach or Bowels.

AGENTS, LANGLEY & CO., WHOLESALE & RETAIL
au23dw DRUGGISTS. VICTORIA. B. C.

A POSITIVE CURE

Without Medicines.

ALLAN'S SOLUBLE MEDICATED BOUGIES,

Patented October 16, 1876. One box

No. 1 will cure any case in four days or less.

No. 2 will cure the most obstinate case, no matte of how long standing

No nauseous doses of cubebs, copaiba or oil of Sandalwood that are certain to produce dyspepsia by destroying the coatings of the stomach.

Price $1 50. Sold by all druggists, or mailed on receipt of price. For further particulars send for circular. P. O. Box 1,533.

J. C. ALLAN CO., 83 John street, New York.
mh23dw

NOTICE

IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT I INTEND TO MAKE application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 160 acres of land situate east of Grappler creek, Barclay District B.C., described as follows:

Commencing at a stake situate at the southeast corner of C. T. Dupont's claim; thence running Southerly 40 chains; thence Easterly 40 chains; thence Northerly 40 chains; thence Westerly to the point of commencement.

je27 D. LENEVEU.

NOTICE.

I HEREBY GIVE NOTICE THAT I INTEND TO make application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase 16 acres of land situate near Bamfield Creek, Barclay District, British Columbia, described as follows:

Commencing at a stake situate on the southeast corner of W. P. Sayward's claim; thence running easterly 40 chains; thence southerly 40 chains; thence westerly 40 chains; thence northerly to the point of commencement. W. McNIFFE.

Victoria, B.C., 14th June, 1882. je16

J. BOSCOWITZ,

JOHNSON ST., NEAR WHARF,

HIGHEST CASH PRICE PAID FOR RAW FURS AND DEER SKINS.

je12 3m D. WARREN, MANAGER

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED DAILY BY W. HIGGINS, at his Office, Government stre Victoria B C